

Physics of the $\mathcal{B}\mathcal{E}\mathcal{H}$ Boson at the \mathcal{LHC} in the $S\mathcal{M}$ and Beyond

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Outline

(i) SM/MSSM (pseudo-)scalar boson production

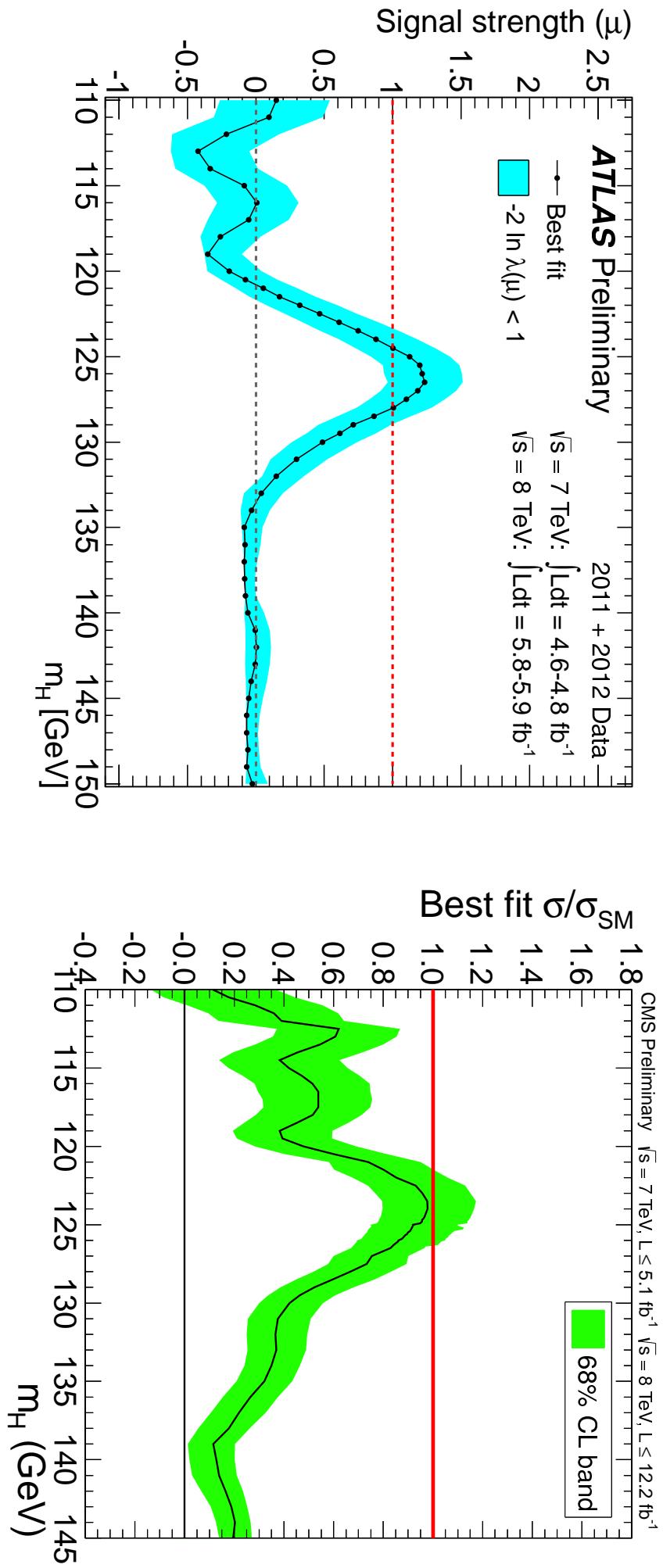
- * Introduction SM/MSSM sector of EWSB
- * Production channels
- * Decays

(ii) Interpretation of LHC search results for scalar boson within

- * MSSM
- * NMSSM
- * Composite Models
- * Model-independent

[(iii) Determination of the properties of the new boson]

LHC Search Results for Scalar Boson



Reminder: Electroweak Symmetry Breaking (EWSB)

Why? Explain the existence of massive particles consistently with the basic symmetries of the SM

How? Weak EW symmetry breaking [SM, SUSY, ...]

Strong EW symmetry breaking [LH, "Higgsless", Extra Dims., ...]

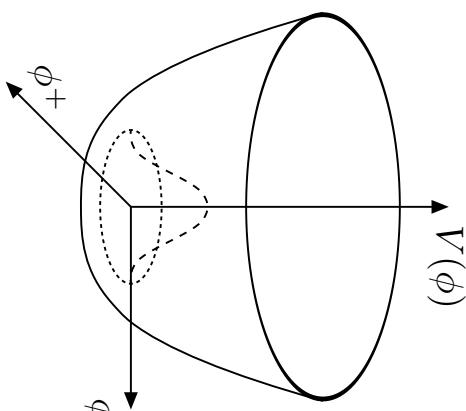
EWSB mechanism

Symmetry of the Lagrangian

$$SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$$

Doublet field

$$\Phi = \begin{pmatrix} H^+ \\ H^0 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$V(\Phi) = \lambda[\Phi^\dagger \Phi - \frac{v^2}{2}]^2$$

Symmetry of the vacuum

$$U(1)_{em}$$

Vacuum expectation value

$$\langle \Phi \rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \frac{v}{\sqrt{2}} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$v = 246 \text{ GeV}$$

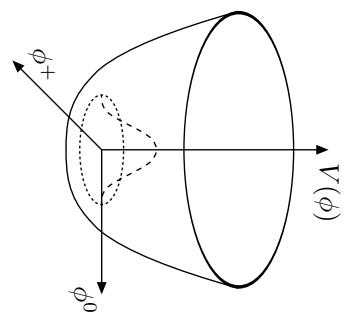
SM Scalar Boson Sector

Potential w/ non-vanishing VEV: [$v = 246$ GeV]

$$V(\Phi) = \lambda[\Phi^\dagger\Phi - \frac{v^2}{2}]^2 \quad \Phi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ v+H \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow$$

$$V(H) = \frac{1}{2}M_H^2 \textcolor{red}{H^2} + \frac{M_H^2}{2v} \textcolor{red}{H^3} + \frac{M_H^2}{8v^2} \textcolor{red}{H^4}$$

Scalar boson mass	$M_H = \sqrt{2\lambda}v$	
Gauge couplings	$g_{VVH} = \frac{2M_V^2}{v}$	
Yukawa couplings	$g_{ffH} = \frac{m_f}{v}$	
Trilinear coupling [units $\lambda_0 = 33.8$ GeV]	$\lambda_{HHH} = 3 \frac{M_H^2}{M_Z^2}$	
Quartic coupling [units λ_0^2]	$\lambda_{HHHH} = 3 \frac{M_H^2}{M_Z^4}$	



Only unknown parameter in the SM was the mass of the scalar boson!

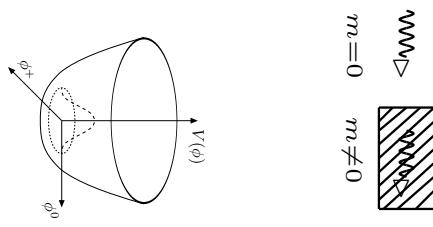
What Have We Seen?

⌚ The production of a new particle with mass $M = 125.8, 126$ GeV

⌚ Is it the Standard Model scalar boson responsible for EWSB? \Rightarrow

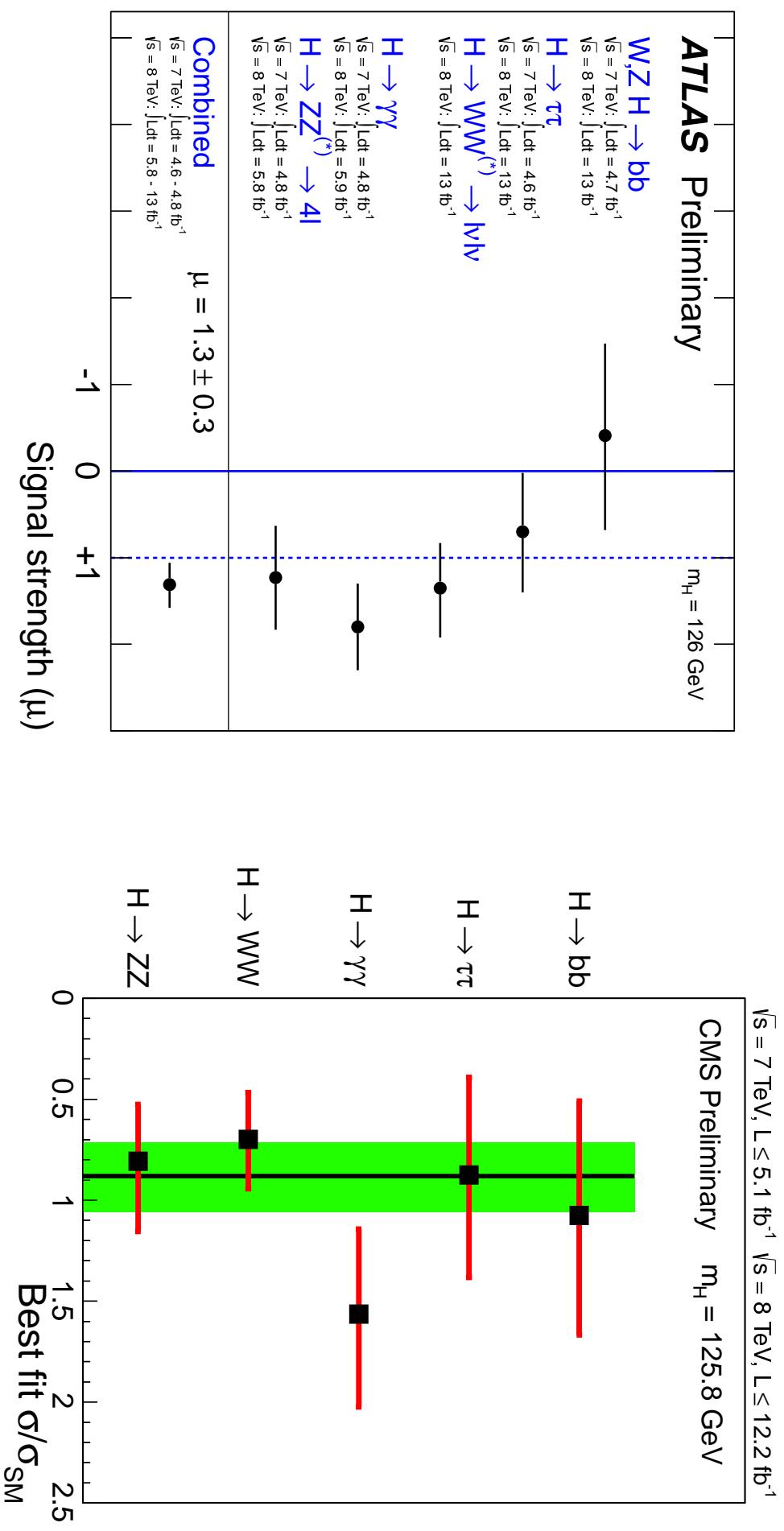
Test of the EWSB mechanism

- Discovery
 - m
- Interaction with the scalar boson $\rightsquigarrow g_{HX_X} \sim m_X$
 - $m=0$
 - $m \neq 0$
- Spin and parity quantum numbers
 - J^{PC}
- EWSB: potential w/ non-vanishing VEV
 - $\lambda_{HHH}, \lambda_{HHHH}$



⌚ Is it the scalar boson of the SM, of SUSY, a Composite scalar boson, ...?

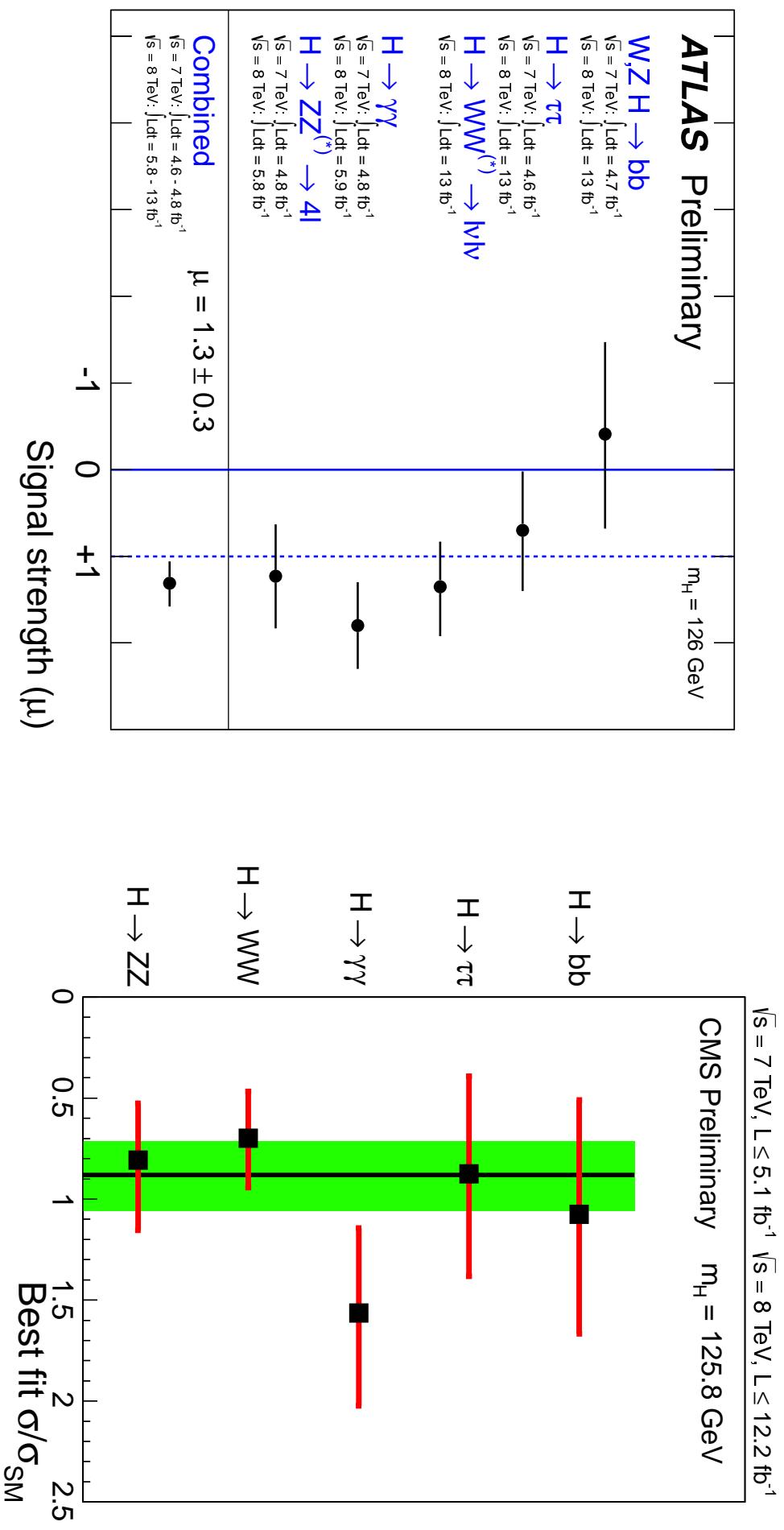
What Experiment tells us: Best Fit Values of $\mu = (\sigma \times BR)/(\sigma \times BR)_{SM}$



Combination of various search channels grouped by decay mode

Slight excess in $\gamma\gamma$ but not $WW, ZZ, bb, \tau\tau$

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Combination of various search channels grouped by decay mode

Slight excess in $\gamma\gamma$ but not $WW, ZZ, bb, \tau\tau$ Beyond SM Physics?

Why Beyond Standard Model (BSM) Physics?

Standard Model: incomplete picture of the universe

- SM has 19 free parameters: What are the values of these parameters?
- Common origin of all three forces of the SM?
- How to incorporate gravity?
- Candidate for Dark Matter (DM)? ...

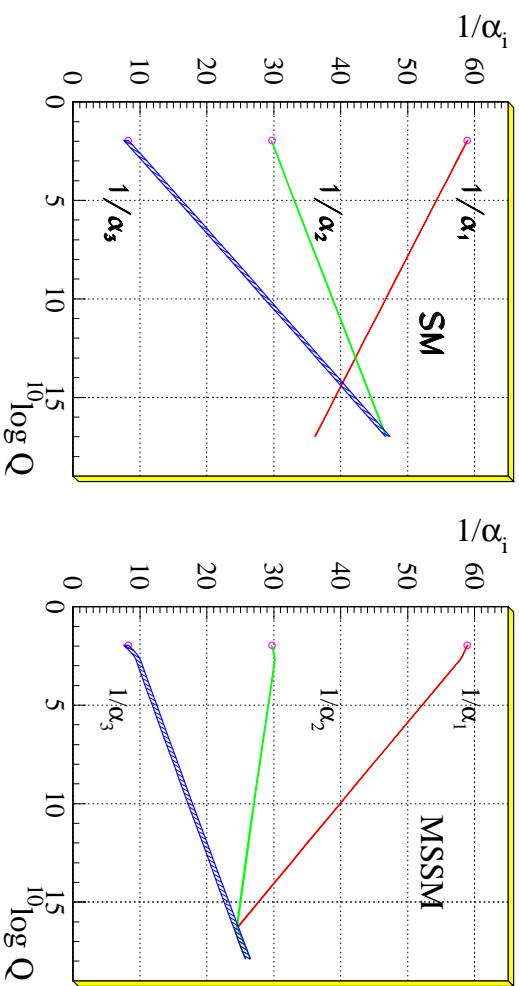


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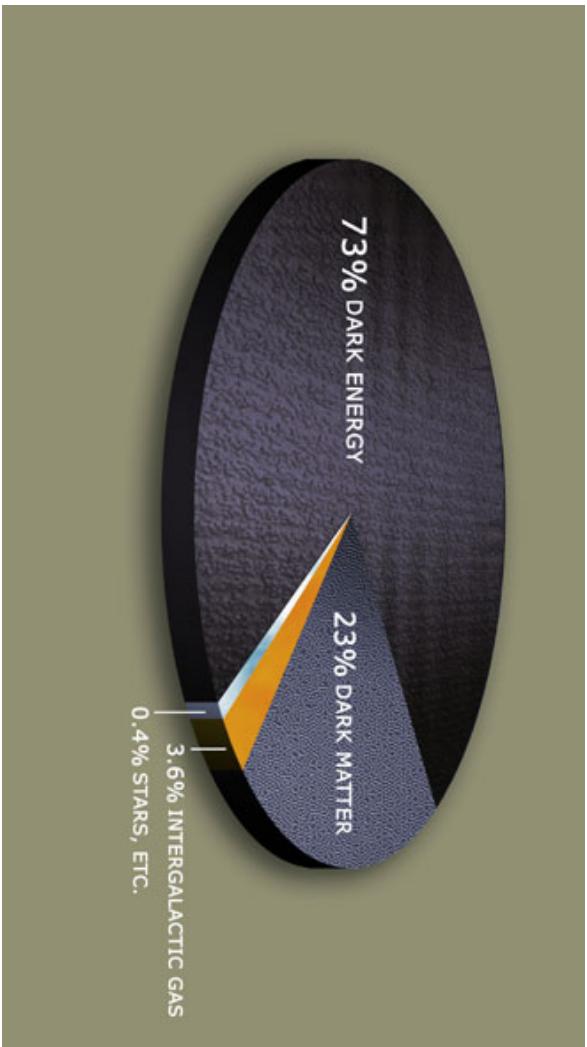
Unification of the Coupling Constants in the SM and the minimal MSSM



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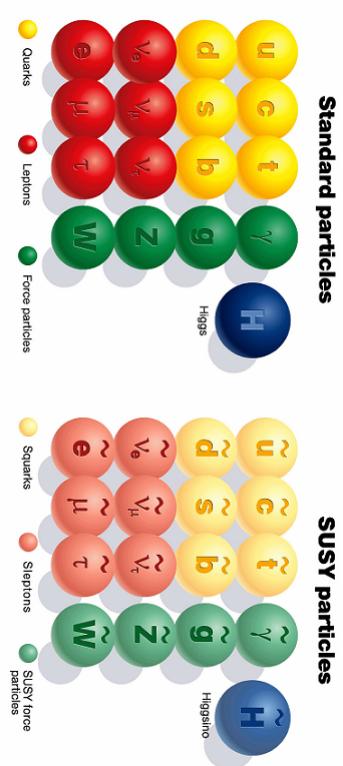
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Supersymmetry: relates fermions and bosons

- ◊ solves hierarchy problem
- ◊ gauge coupling unification (MSSM)
- ◊ EWSB mechanism generated radiatively
- ◊ Cold Dark Matter candidate (\leftarrow R-parity) ...



The \mathcal{EWSB} Sector of the $MSSM$

MSSM EWSB sector – supersymmetry & anomaly free theory \Rightarrow 2 complex doublets

$\xrightarrow{\text{EWSB}}$ neutral, CP-even h, H neutral, CP-odd A charged H^+, H^-

The EW_SB Sector of the MSSM

MSSM EW_SB sector – supersymmetry & anomaly free theory \Rightarrow 2 complex doublets

$$\xrightarrow{\text{EW}_S\text{B}} \boxed{\begin{array}{lll} \text{neutral, CP-even } h, H & \text{neutral, CP-odd } A & \text{charged } H^+, H^- \end{array}}$$

(Pseudo-)scalar masses

$$\begin{array}{lll} M_h & \lesssim & 140 \text{ GeV} \\ M_{A,H,H^\pm} & \sim & \mathcal{O}(v) \dots 1 \text{ TeV} \end{array}$$

Ellis et al;Okada et al;Haber,Hempfling;
Hoang et al;Carena et al;Heinemeyer et al;
Zhang et al;Brignole et al;Harlander et al;
Degrassi et al;Kant et al;...

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Decoupling limit:

$$M_A \sim M_H \sim M_{H^\pm} \gtrsim v$$

$M_h \rightarrow$ max. value, $\tan \beta$ fixed; h becomes SM-like

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Modified couplings with respect to the SM: (decoupling limit Gunion, Haber)

Φ	$g_{\Phi u \bar{u}}$	$g_{\phi d \bar{d}}$	$g_{\Phi V V}$
h	$c_\alpha / s_\beta \rightarrow 1$	$-s_\alpha / c_\beta \rightarrow 1$	$s_{\beta - \alpha} \rightarrow 1$
H	$s_\alpha / s_\beta \rightarrow 1 / \tan \beta$	$c_\alpha / c_\beta \rightarrow \tan \beta$	$c_{\beta - \alpha} \rightarrow 0$
A	$1 / \tan \beta$	$\tan \beta$	0

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{ccc} \tan \beta \uparrow & \Rightarrow & g_{\Phi u u} \downarrow \\ & & g_{\phi d d} \uparrow \\ g_{\Phi V V}^{MSSM} & \lesssim & g_{\Phi V V}^{SM} \end{array}}$$

What Theory tells us

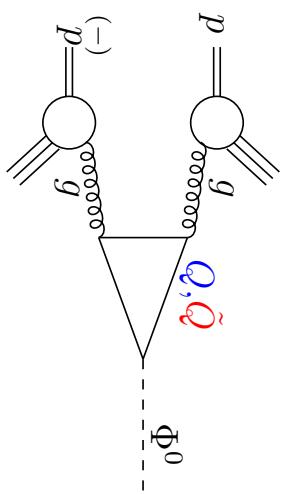
Production

Search for the (Pseudo-)Scalar Boson(s) at the LHC

(Pseudo-)Scalar boson production in the SM/MSSM

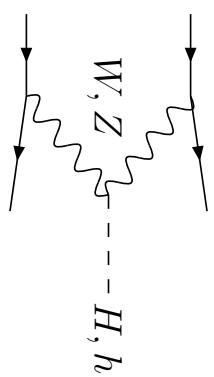
- Gluon Fusion

$$pp \rightarrow gg \rightarrow H^{SM}/h, H, A$$



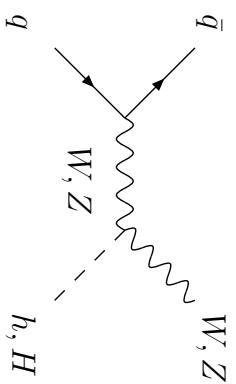
- W/Z Fusion

$$pp \rightarrow qq \rightarrow qq + WW/ZZ \rightarrow qq + H^{SM}/h, H$$



- Radiation off W, Z

$$pp \rightarrow W^*/Z^* \rightarrow W/Z + H^{SM}/h, H$$



- Associated Production

$$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}/b\bar{b} + H^{SM}/h, H, A$$

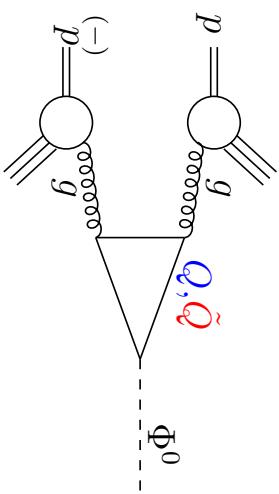


Search for the (Pseudo-)Scalar Boson(s) at the LHC

(Pseudo-)Scalar boson production in the SM/MSSM

- Gluon Fusion

$pp \rightarrow gg \rightarrow H^{SM}/h, H, A$



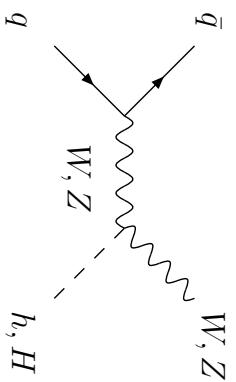
- LHC - MSSM

$gg \rightarrow \phi$ dominant for $\tan \beta \lesssim 10$

$gg \rightarrow \phi b\bar{b}$ dominant for $\tan \beta \gtrsim 10$

- Radiation off W, Z

$pp \rightarrow W^*/Z^* \rightarrow W/Z + H^{SM}/h, H$



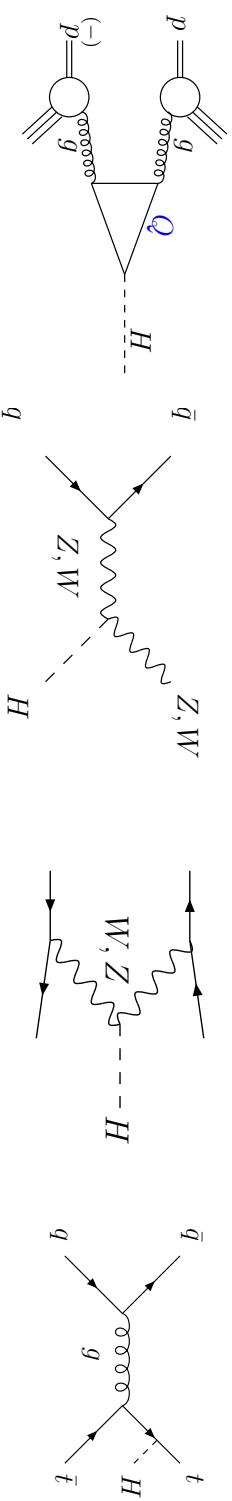
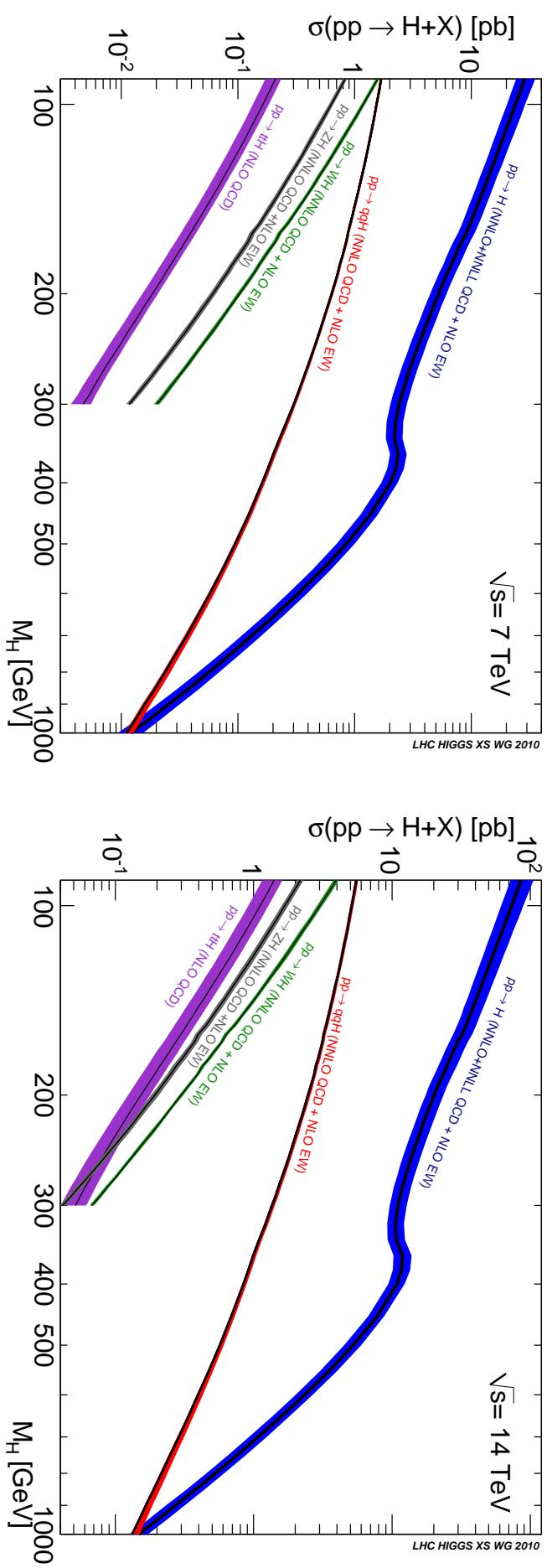
- Tevatron - MSSM

$gg \rightarrow \phi$ dominant, for large $\tan \beta : \phi b\bar{b}$

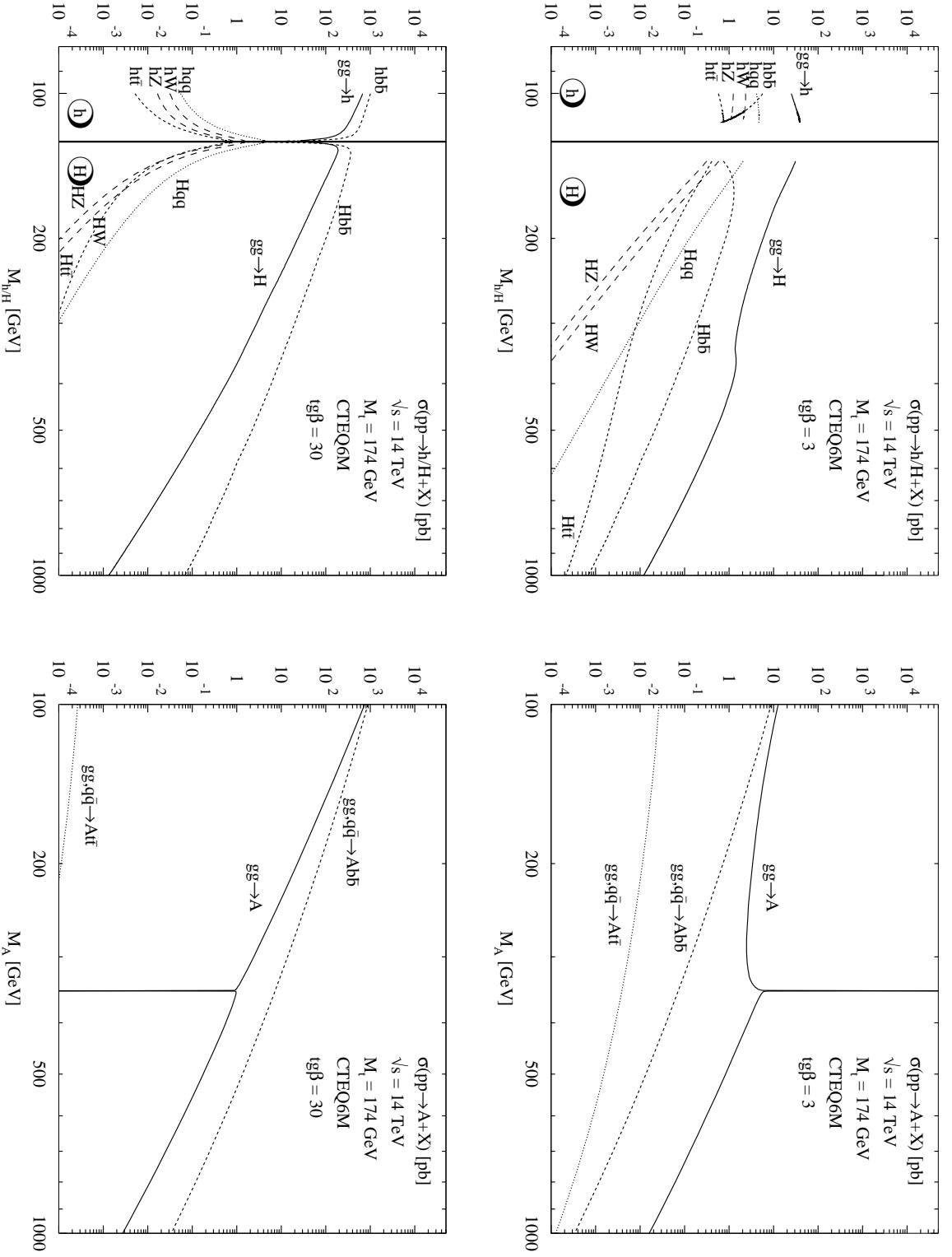
$q\bar{q}' \rightarrow \phi W$ most important

SM Scalar Boson Production at the LHC

LHC Higgs XS WG, arXiv:1101.0593



MSSM (Pseudo-)Scalar Boson Production at the LHC

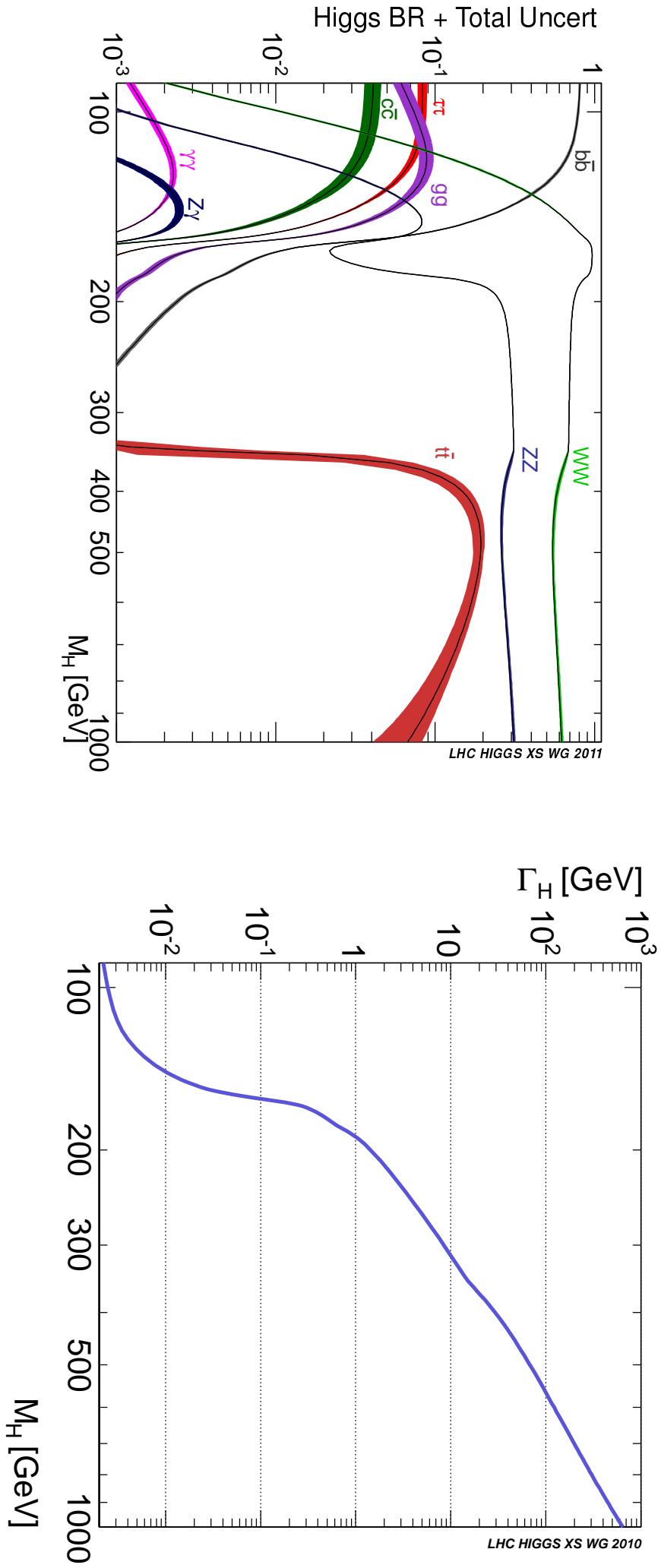


What Theory tells us

Decays

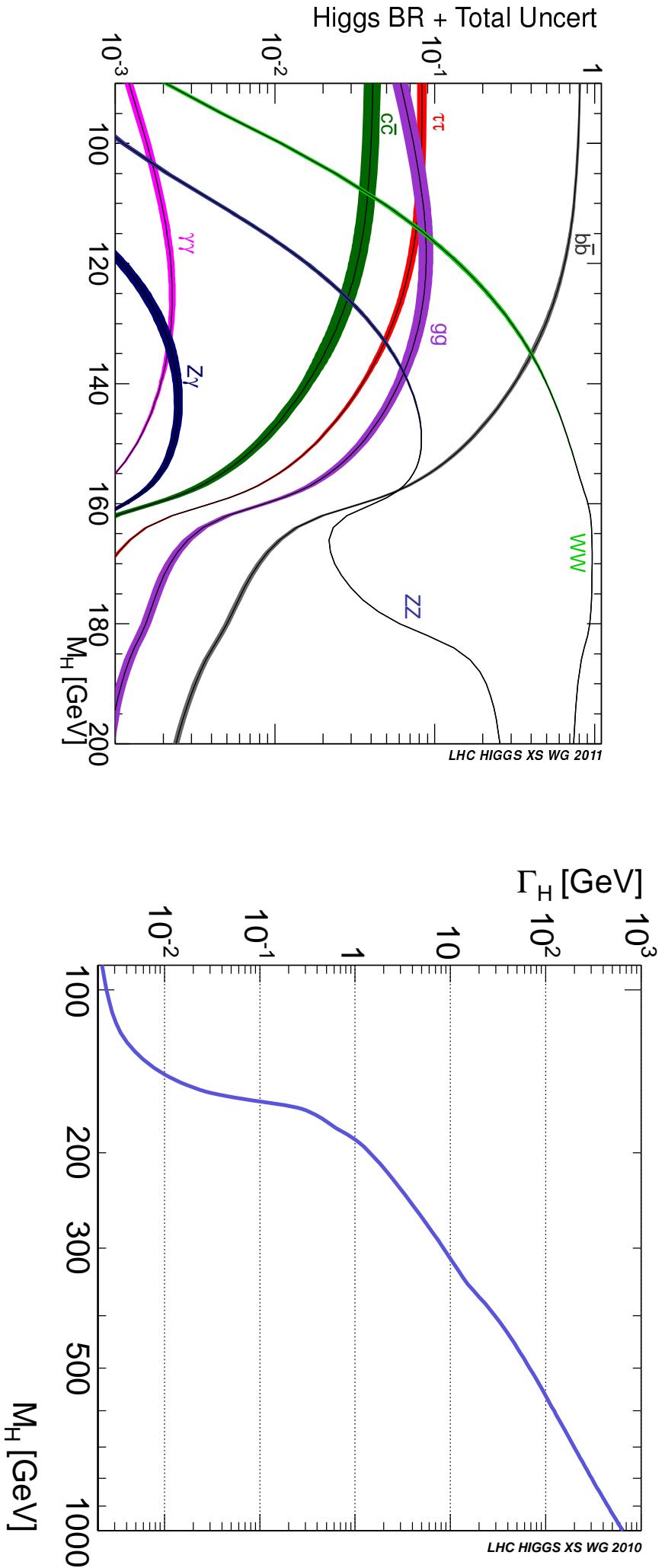
Branching Ratios

LHC Higgs XS WG

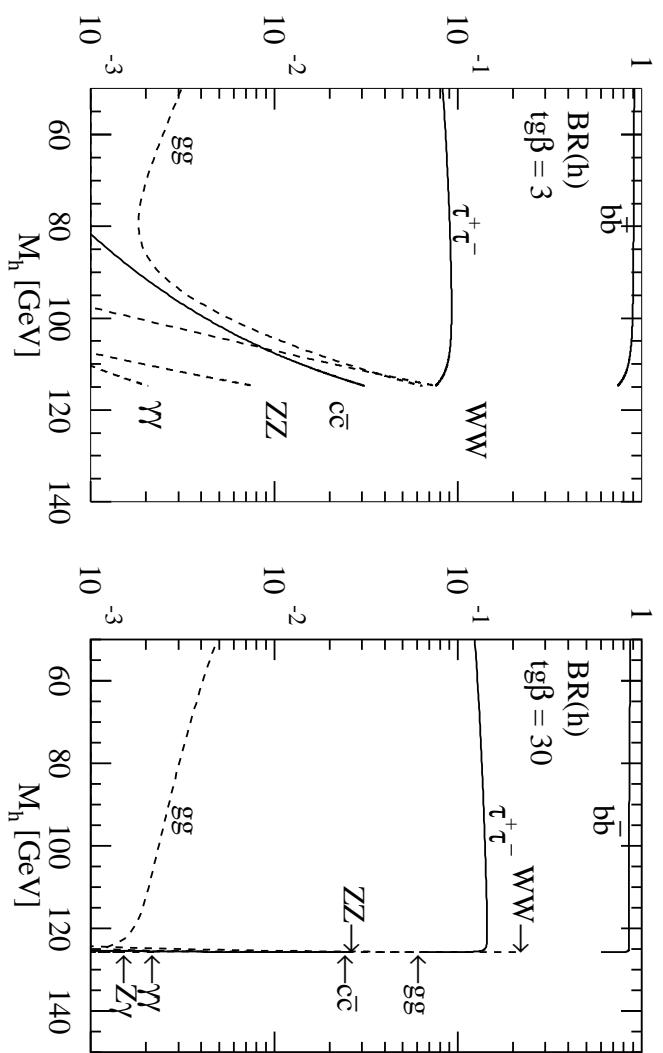
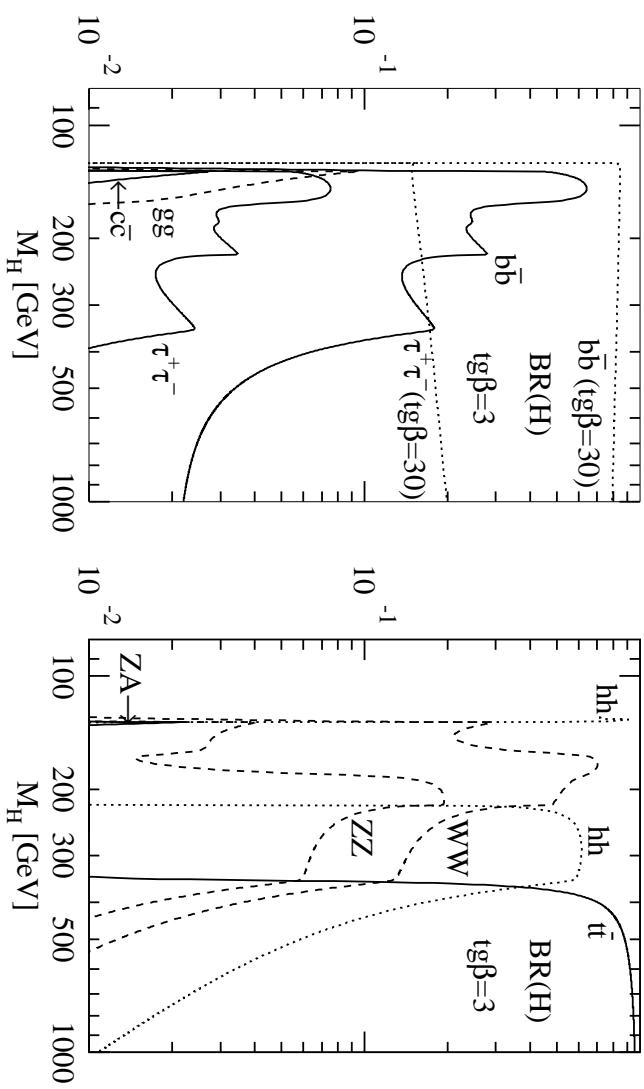


Branching Ratios

LHC Higgs XS WG



MSSM Branching Ratios



HDECAY

What Theory tells us

Interpretations

MSSM Scalar Boson Mass in View of the LHC Results

- **Vast literature on MSSM Scalar Boson of $\sim 125\text{-}126 \text{ GeV}$**

Arbey eal; Li eal; Feng eal; Baer eal; Akula eal; Hall eal; Albornoz Vasquez eal; Heinemeyer eal;
Desai et al.; Draper eal; Carena eal; Cao eal; Christensen eal; Kadastik eal; Buchmuller eal;
Arvanitaki eal; Ellis eal; Curtin eal; Brummer eal; Barger eal; Hagiwara eal; Arbey eal; Blum eal;
Beskidt eal; Baer eal; Giudice eal; Carena eal; Benbrik eal; Akula eal; Cahill-Rowley eal; Hirsch eal; ...

- **Compatibility of MSSM Scalar Boson mass with LHC Search**

★ Upper mass bound on SM-like scalar boson with higher-order correction Δm_h

$$m_h^2 \approx M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \Delta m_h^2$$

★ $\Rightarrow M_H \approx 126 \text{ GeV}$ requires

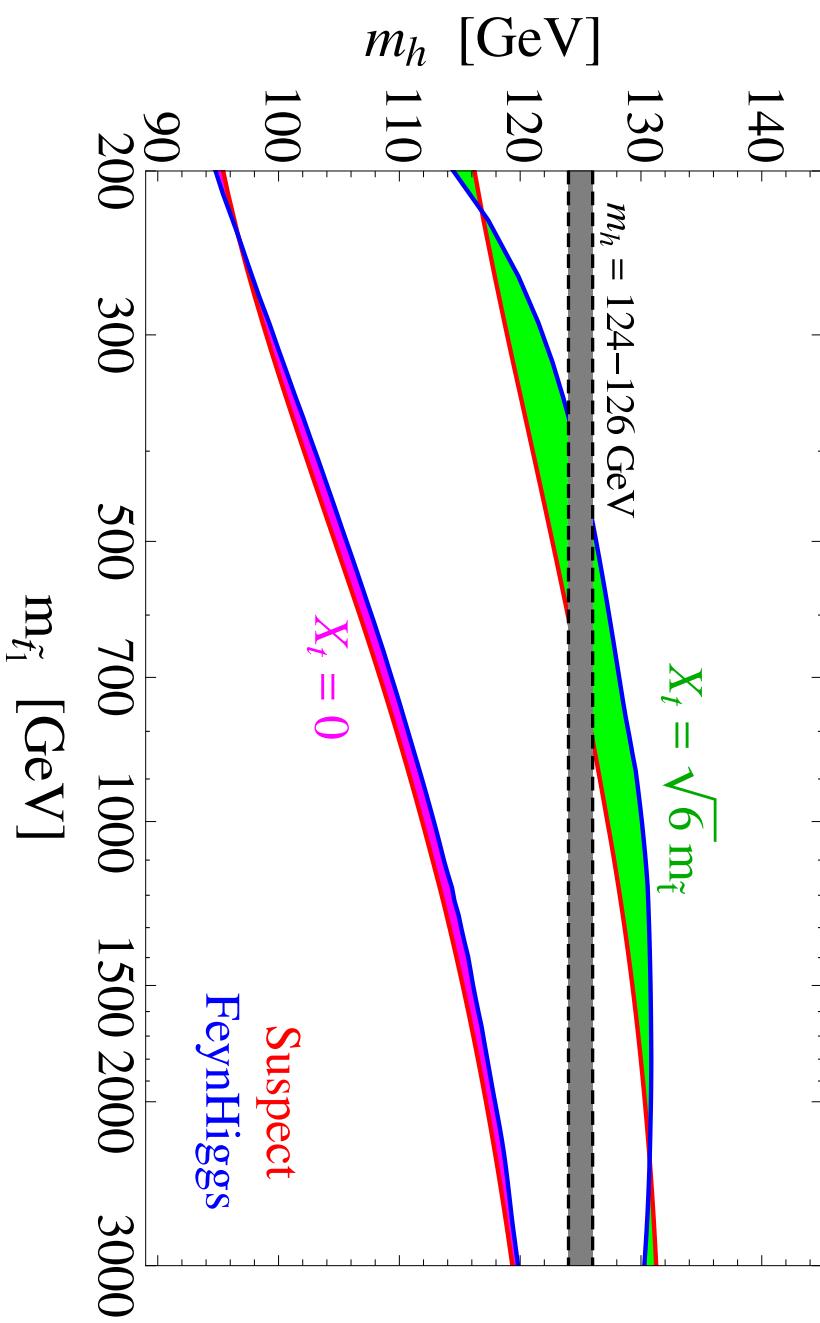
$$\Delta m_h \approx 85 \text{ GeV} (\tan \beta \text{ large}) \Rightarrow \text{large corrections}$$

★ Corrections require large stop masses $m_{\tilde{t}_1}, m_{\tilde{t}_2}$ and/or large mixing $X_t \rightsquigarrow$ 'fine'-tuning

MSSM Scalar Boson Mass in View of the LHC Results

Hall, Pinner, Ruderman 1112.2703

MSSM Higgs Mass



- Even for maximal stop mixing: $m_{\tilde{t}_1} \stackrel{!}{\gtrsim} 500 \text{ GeV}$

MSSM Scalar Boson and Enhanced Diphoton Rate

- **MSSM Scalar Boson of ~ 126 GeV**

Next-lightest scalar boson can be the SM-like scalar of ~ 126 GeV (low M_A , moderate $\tan \beta$)
lightest scalar boson below LEP limit
see e.g. Heinemeyer et al '11

- **Enhanced Diphoton rate**

Carena et al; Hagiwara et al; Christensen et al; Barger et al; Heinemeyer et al; Arbey et al; ...

$$BR(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = \frac{\Gamma(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}{(\Gamma_{b\bar{b}} + \Gamma_{WW} + \Gamma_{ZZ} + \dots)[h^{126\text{ GeV}}]}$$

- * **Suppression of $\Gamma(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ due to**

- ◊ corrections to the boson propagator \rightarrow mixing angle α
- ◊ Δ_b corrections to $h^{126\text{ GeV}} b\bar{b}$ coupling

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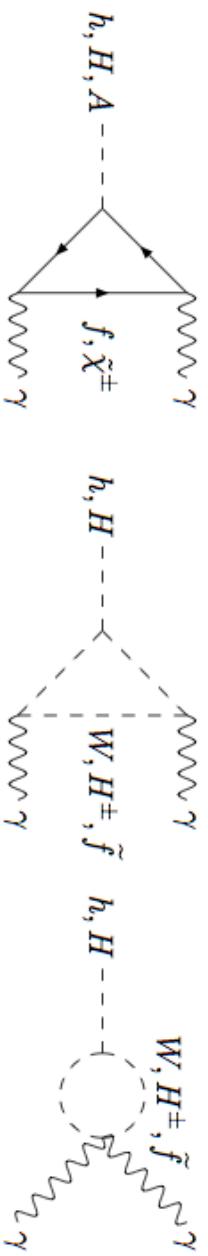
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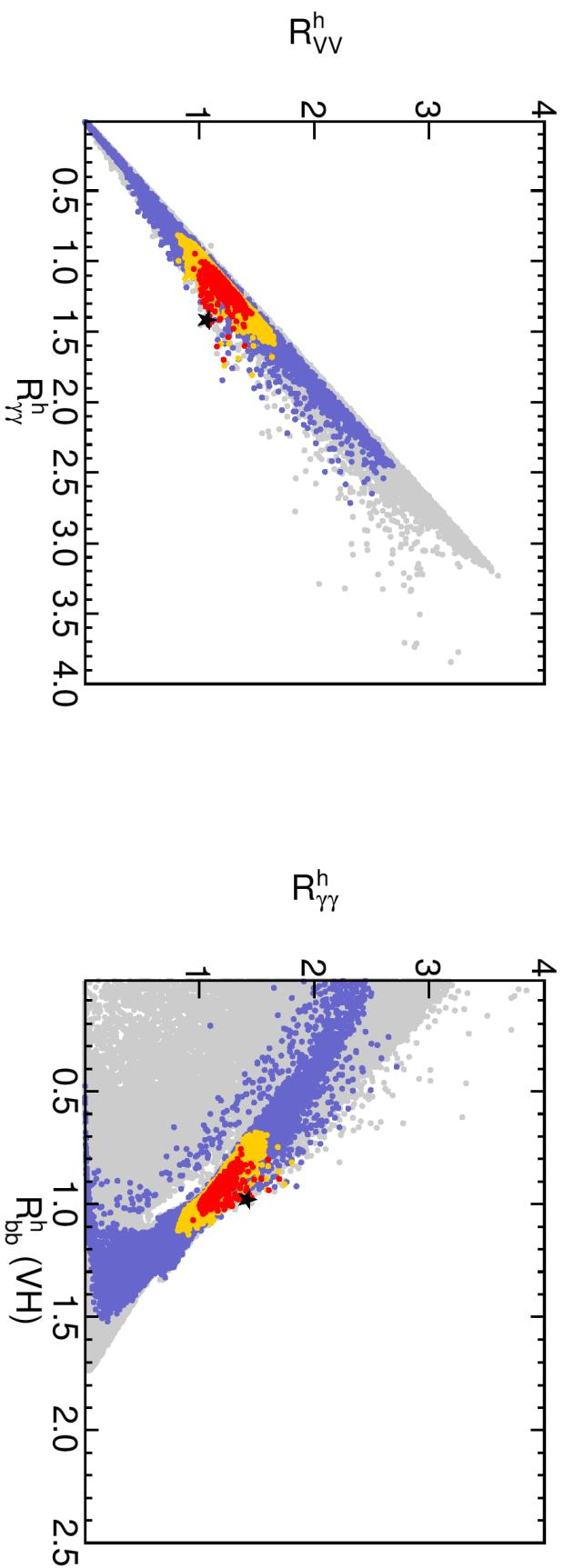
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 - ◊ Δ_b corrections to $h^{126\text{ GeV}} b\bar{b}$ coupling
- * Enhanced $\Gamma(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ due to light stau loops, chargino loop contributions
- * $h^{126\text{ GeV}}$ can be h, H

MSSM Scan for Enhanced Diphoton Rate

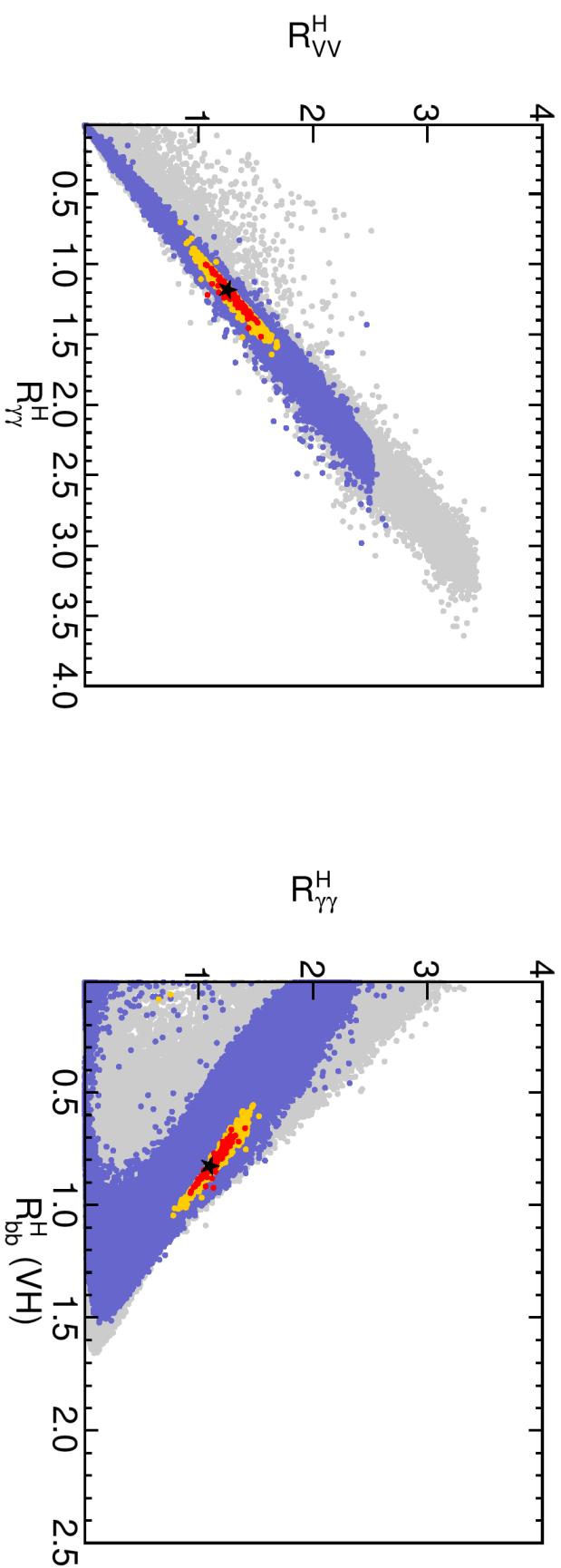
Bechtle, Heinemeyer, Stal, Stefaniak, Weiglein, Zeune



- Pass theoretical constraints and one CP-even scalar with 121...129 GeV mass
- Compatible with direct search limits
 - $\Delta\chi_h^2 < 2.3$
 - $\Delta\chi_h^2 < 5.99$
- Best fit point

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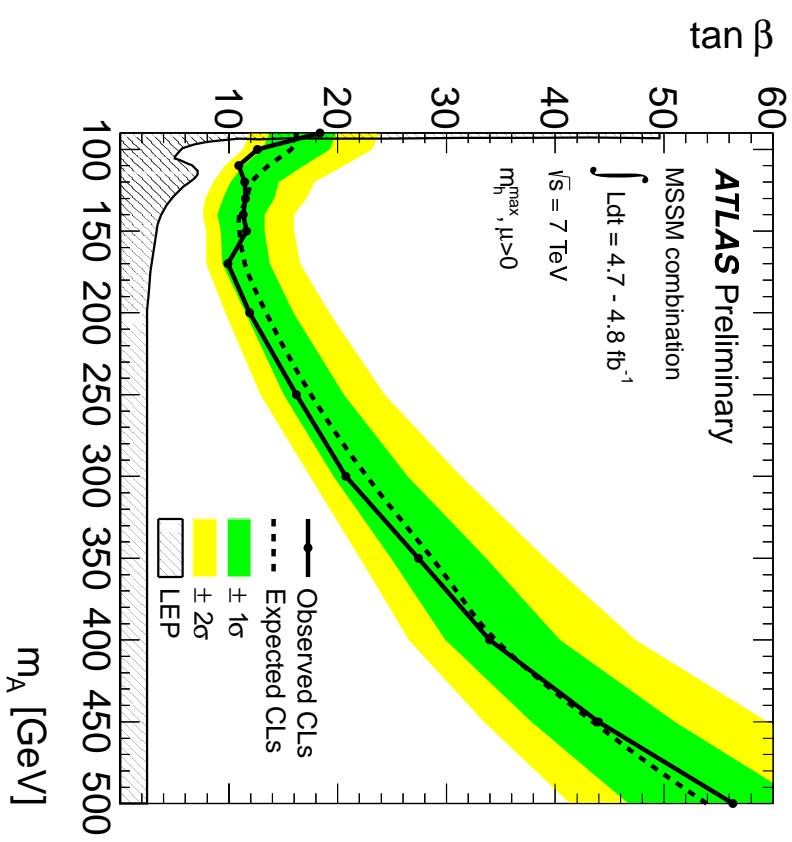


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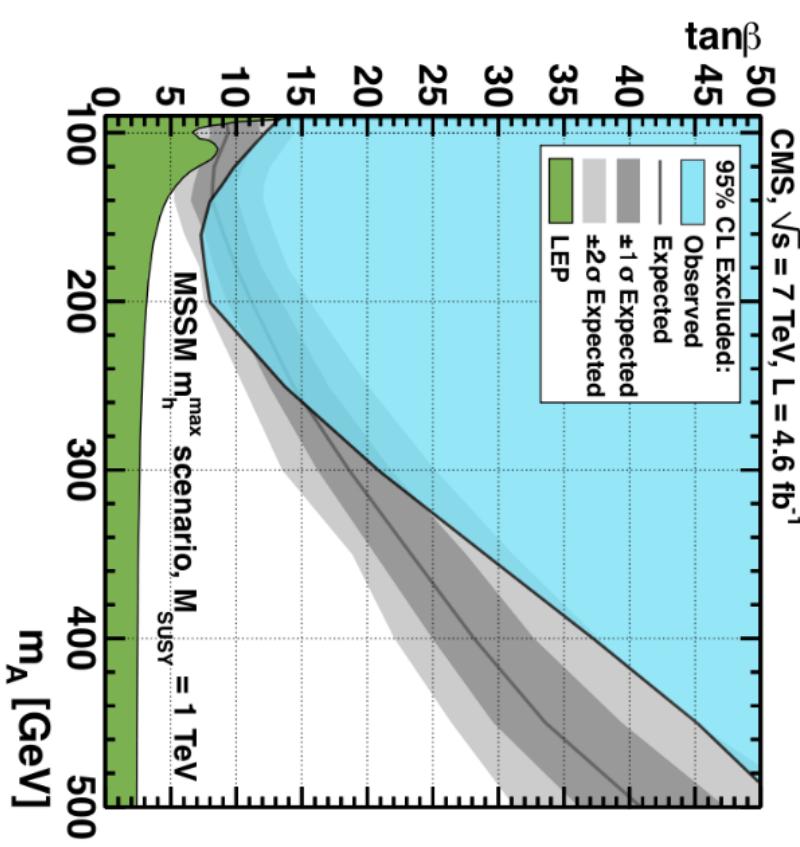
Search for MSSM Bosons at the \mathcal{LHC}

$$gg \rightarrow b\bar{b}\phi^0, gg \rightarrow \phi^0, \quad \phi^0 \rightarrow \tau^+\tau^-$$

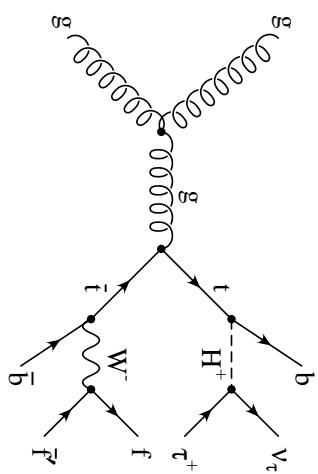
ATLAS-CONF-2012-094



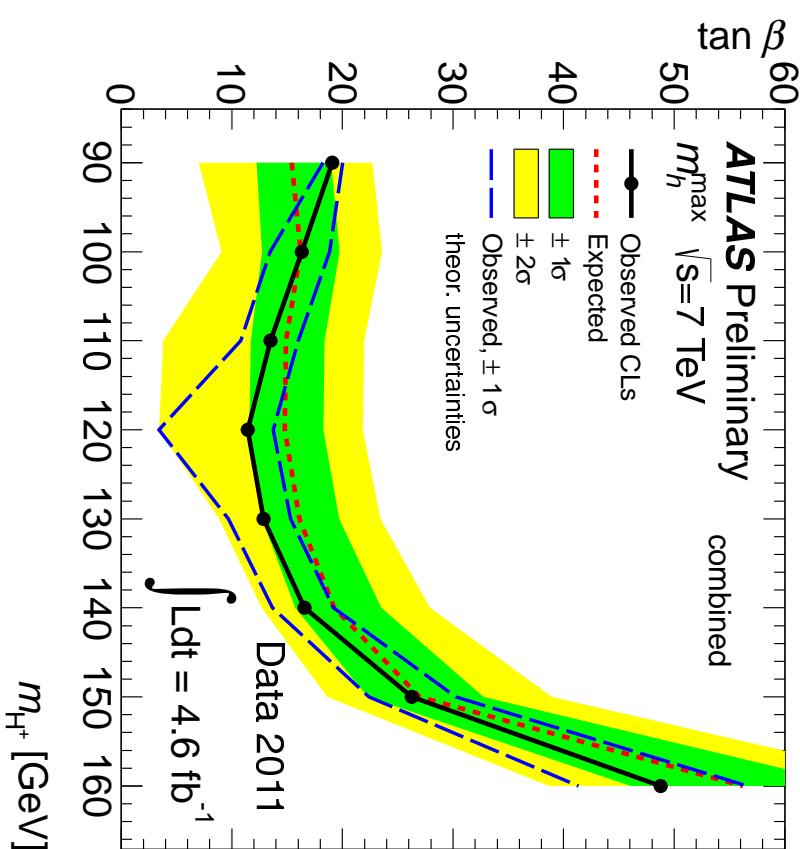
CMS 1202.4083



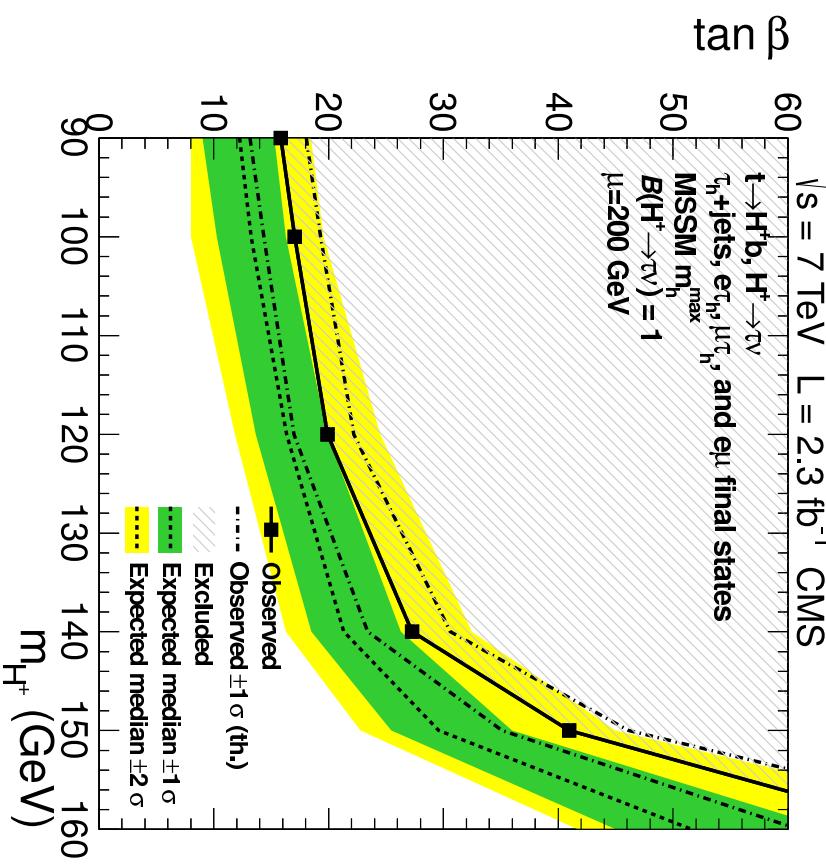
Search for MSSM Bosons at the \mathcal{LHC}



ATLAS-CONF-2012-011



CMS-HIG-11-019



The EWSB Sector of the NMSSM

- **Next-to-Minimal Supersymmetric Extension of the SM: NMSSM**

Fayet; Kaul eal; Barbieri eal; Dine eal; Nilles eal; Frere eal; Derendinger eal; Ellis eal;
Drees; Ellwanger eal; Savoy; Elliott eal; Gunion eal; Franke eal; Maniatis; Djouadi eal; Mahmoudi eal; ...

- **The μ -problem of the MSSM:**

Higgsino mass parameter μ must be of order of EWSB scale

- **Solution in the NMSSM:**

μ generated dynamically through the VEV of scalar component of an additional chiral superfield field \hat{S} : $\mu = \lambda \langle \hat{S} \rangle$ from: $\lambda \hat{S} \hat{H}_u \hat{H}_d$

- **Enlarged (pseudo-)scalar and neutralino sector:** 2 complex doublets \hat{H}_u , \hat{H}_d , 1 complex singlet \hat{S}

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{ll} 7 \text{ bosons:} & H_1, H_2, H_3, A_1, A_2, H^+, H^- \\ 5 \text{ neutralinos:} & \tilde{\chi}_i^0 \ (i = 1, \dots, 5) \end{array}}$$

- **Significant changes of the phenomenology**

NMSSM Scalar Boson Mass in View of the LHC Results

- **Vast literature on NMSSM scalar boson of $\sim 125\text{-}126 \text{ GeV}$**

Hall eal; Ellwanger; Gunion eal; King,MMM,Nevzorov; Albornoz Vasquez eal; Cao eal; Gabrielli eal; Ellwanger, Hugonie; Kang eal; Cheung eal; Jeong eal; Hardy eal; Kim eal; Arvanitaki eal; ...

- **Compatibility of NMSSM scalar boson mass with LHC Searches:**

★ Upper mass bounds + corrections to the MSSM, NMSSM scalar boson mass:

$$\text{MSSM: } m_h^2 \approx M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \Delta m_h^2$$

$$\text{NMSSM: } m_h^2 \approx M_Z^2 \cos^2 2\beta + \lambda^2 v^2 \sin^2 2\beta + \Delta m_h^2$$

$\Rightarrow M_H \approx 126$ requires:

MSSM: $\Delta m_h \approx 85 \text{ GeV}$ ($\tan \beta$ large) \Rightarrow large corrections are needed \rightsquigarrow conflict with fine-tuning

NMSSM: $\Delta m_h \approx 55 \text{ GeV}$ ($\lambda = 0.7, \tan \beta = 2$)

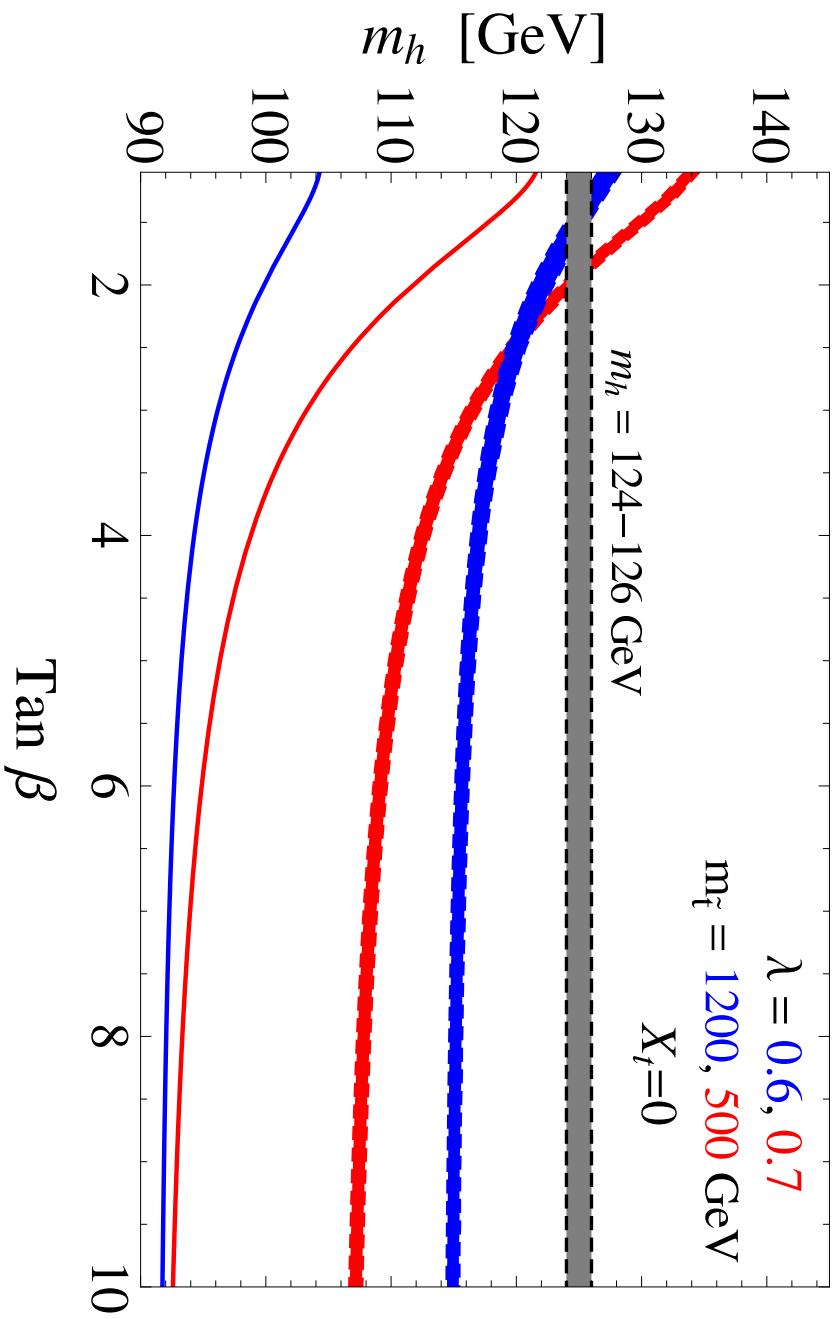
\Rightarrow NMSSM requires less fine-tuning

Hall,Pinner,Ruderman; Ellwanger; Arvanitaki,Villadoro;
King,MMM,Nevzorov; Kang,Li,Li; Cao,Heng,Yang,Zhang,Zhu

NMSSM Scalar Boson Mass in View of the LHC Results

Hall, Pinner, Ruderman 1112.2703

NMSSM Higgs Mass



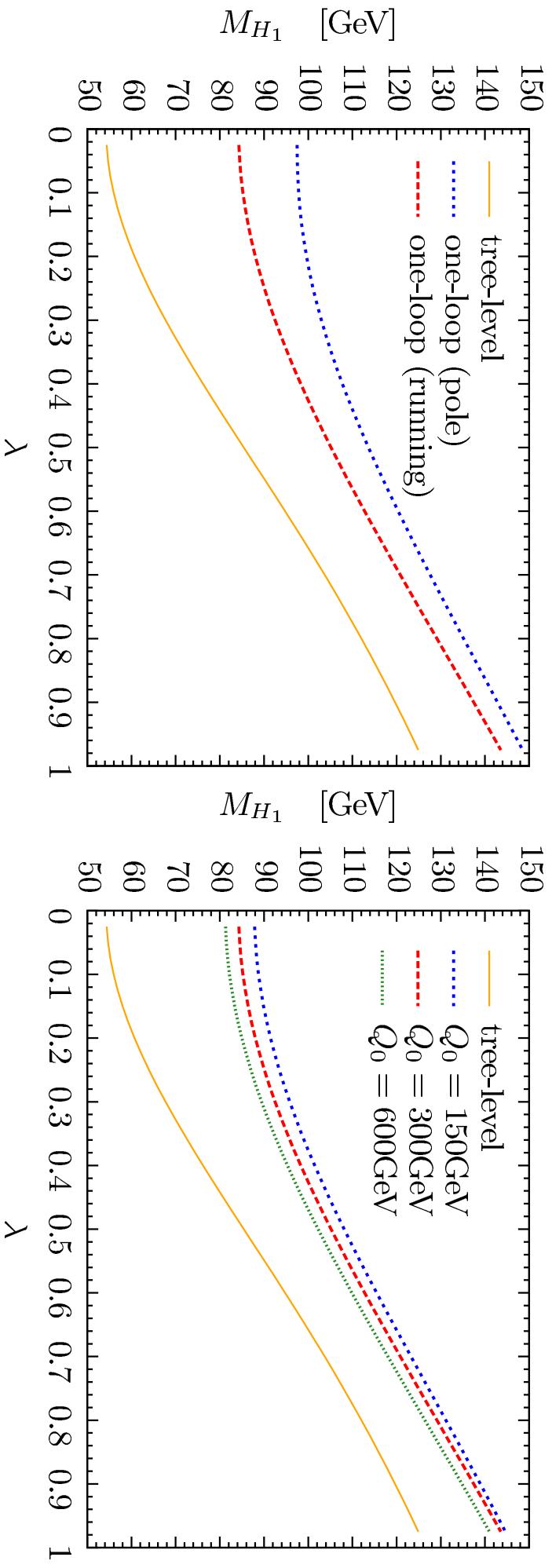
- ◊ m_h maximized for small values of $\tan \beta$
- ◊ $m_h \approx 126 \text{ GeV}$ can be achieved also for zero mixing $X_t = 0$ and $m_{\tilde{t}_1} \geq 500 \text{ GeV}$

$\sqrt{\text{MSSM}}$ Scalar Boson Mass

- **Mass prediction** as precise as possible:
distinguish between MSSM and NMSSM
- properly define scenarios with decays of (pseudo-)scalars in other (pseudo-)scalars
correctly interpret experimental data
- **Status of the mass calculations:**
 - 1-loop corrections in effective potential approach
Ellwanger eal; Elliott eal; Pandita;
Degrassi,Slavich
 - 1-loop corrections in Feynman-diagrammatic approach
Ender,Graf,MMM,Rzehak '11
Degrassi,Slavich
 - 2-loop $\mathcal{O}(\alpha_t \alpha_s + \alpha_b \alpha_s)$
 - 1-loop w/ CP violation in effective potential approach
Ham eal; Cheung eal

NMSSM Scalar Boson Mass

Ender,Graf,MMM,Rzehak '11



Top quark mass:

$$m_t^{pole} = 173.3 \text{ GeV}$$

$$\frac{m_t}{DR} = 150.6 \text{ GeV at } Q = 300 \text{ GeV}$$

\Rightarrow theoretical uncertainty
 of the one-loop calculation:
 $\mathcal{O}(10\%)$

For 1-loop mass corrections in the complex NMSSM, see Graf,Grober,MMM,Rzehak,Walz '12

NMSSM Scalar Boson and Enhanced Diphoton Rate

- **SM-like NMSSM scalar boson of ~ 126 GeV**

Can be either H_1 or H_2 (H_1 singlet-like, suppr. SM couplings)

- **Enhanced Diphoton rate**

$$BR(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow b\bar{b}) = \frac{\Gamma(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)}{(\Gamma_{b\bar{b}} + \Gamma_{WW} + \Gamma_{ZZ} + \dots)[h^{126\text{ GeV}}]}$$

- * **Suppression of $\Gamma(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow b\bar{b})$ due to** Hall,Pinney,Ruderman; Ellwanger; King,MMM,Nevzorov;

Cao,Heng,Yang,Zhang,Zhu; Albornoz-Vasquez,Belanger,Boehm,DaSilva,Richardson,Wymant

- ◊ strong singlet-doublet mixing \rightsquigarrow reduced coupling to $b\bar{b}$
- ◊ Δ_b corrections to $h^{126\text{ GeV}} b\bar{b}$ coupling

NMSSM Scalar Boson and Enhanced Diphoton Rate

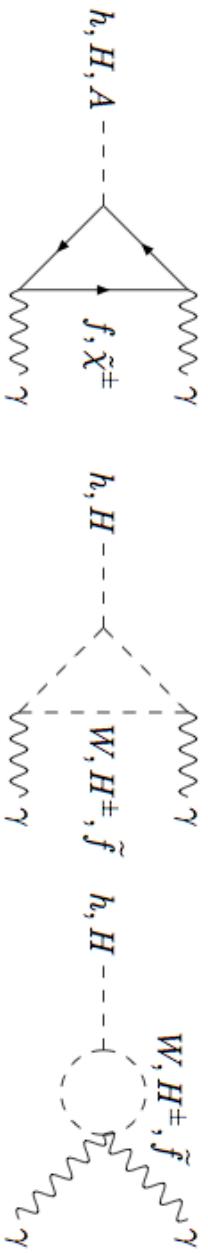
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- * **Enhanced $\Gamma(h^{126 \text{ GeV}} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ due to charged boson, chargino loop contributions**



\mathcal{NMSSM} Scalar Boson and Enhanced Diphoton Rate

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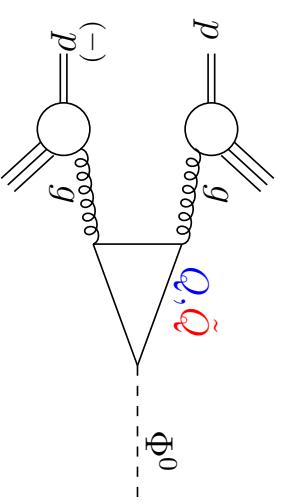
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 - ◊ strong singlet-doublet mixing \rightsquigarrow reduced coupling to $b\bar{b}$
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- * **Enhanced $\Gamma(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ due to charged boson, chargino loop contributions**
- * $h^{126\text{ GeV}}$ can be H_1, H_2

\mathcal{NMSSM} Scalar Boson and Enhanced Diphoton Rate

- Enhancement on the production side



- Enhanced gluon fusion production

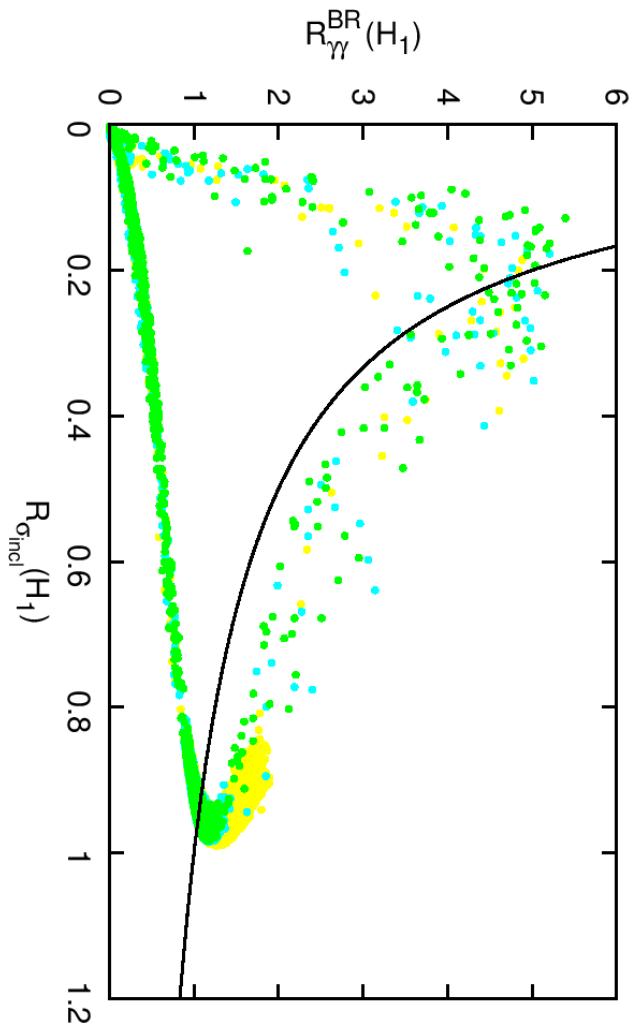
See e.g. King, MMM, Nevzorov, Walz

- * Stop, sbottom loop contributions in $gg \rightarrow H_i$ can enhance the production cxn for small mixing
- * Associated slight suppression in $BR(h^{126\text{ GeV}} \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$ compensated by positive chargino, charged boson loop contributions
- * \Rightarrow overall enhanced production in $\gamma\gamma$ final states, $\mu_{\gamma\gamma} > 1$
- * Couplings to WW, ZZ must be suppressed in this case \rightsquigarrow overall production in VV final states \approx SM-like, $\mu_{ZZ,WW} \approx 1$

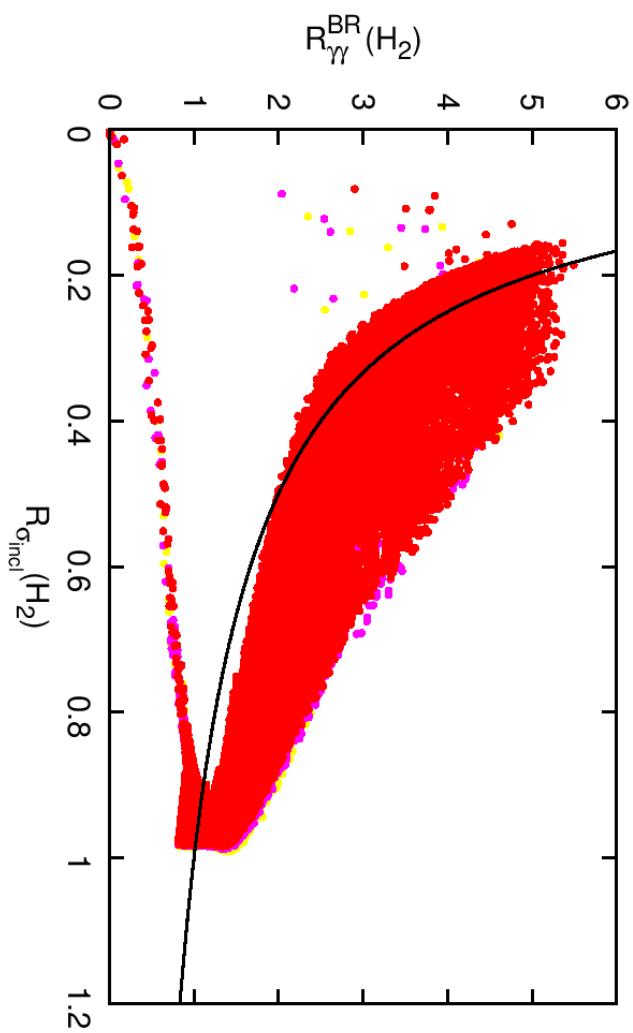
MSSM Scan

King, MMM, Nevzorov, Walz

124GeV < M_{H_1} < 127GeV



124GeV < M_{H_2} < 127GeV

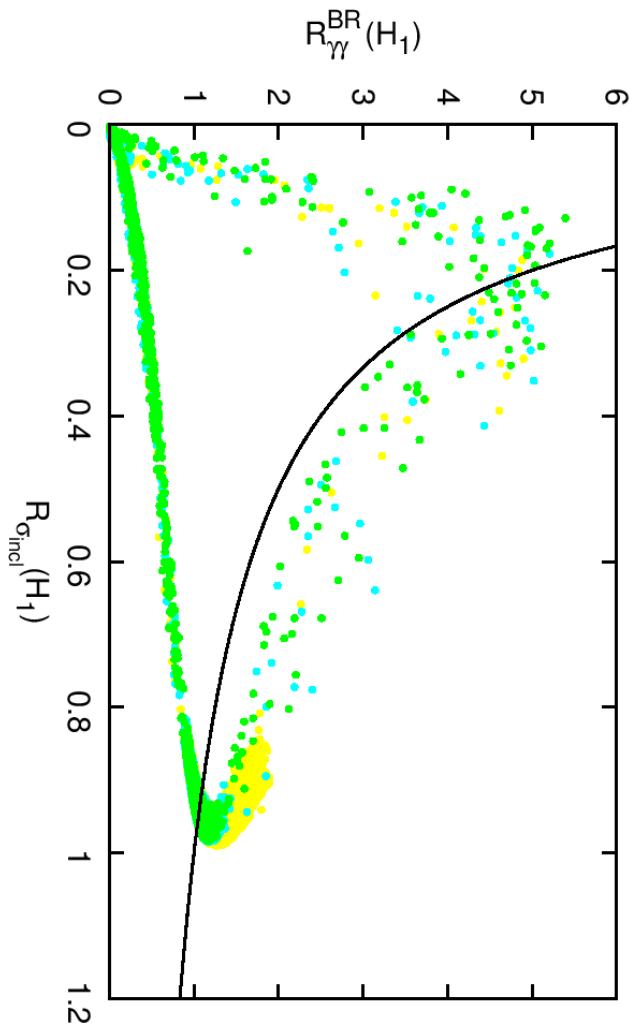


- * $0.55 \leq \lambda \leq 0.8$, $10^{-4} \leq \kappa \leq 0.4$, $100 \text{ GeV} \leq \mu_{\text{eff}} \leq 200 \text{ GeV}$,
- $500 \text{ GeV} \leq M_{Q_3}$, $M_{t_R} \leq 800 \text{ GeV}$, $-500 \text{ GeV} \leq A_\kappa \leq 0 \text{ GeV}$, $200 \text{ GeV} \leq A_\lambda \leq 800 \text{ GeV}$,
- $\tan \beta = 2, 3$, $A_t = 1 \text{ TeV}$

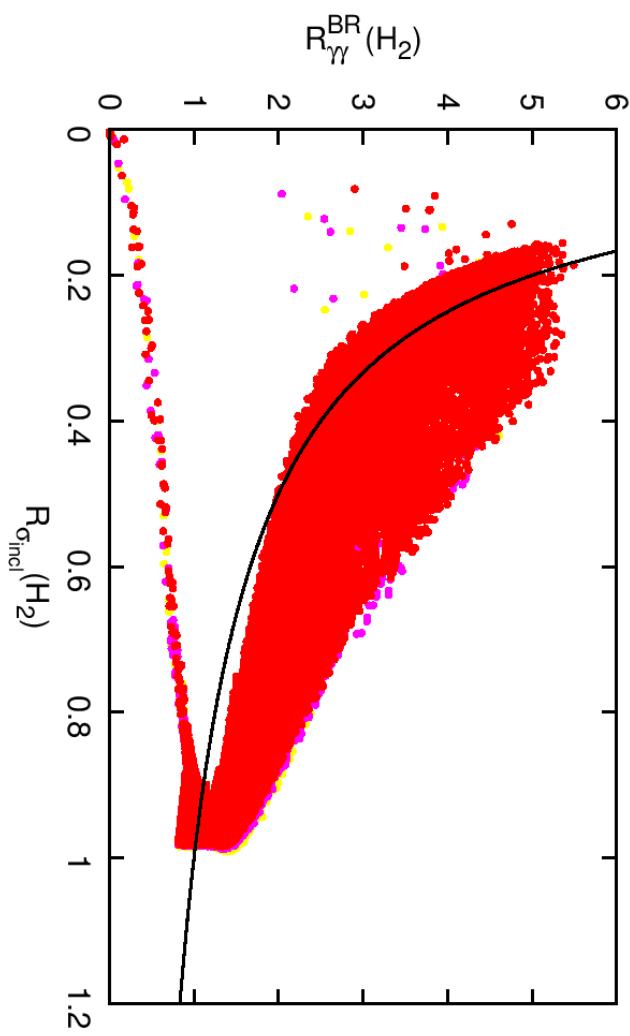
NMSSM Scan

King, MMM, Nevorozov, Walz

$124\text{GeV} < M_{H_1} < 127\text{GeV}$



$124\text{GeV} < M_{H_2} < 127\text{GeV}$

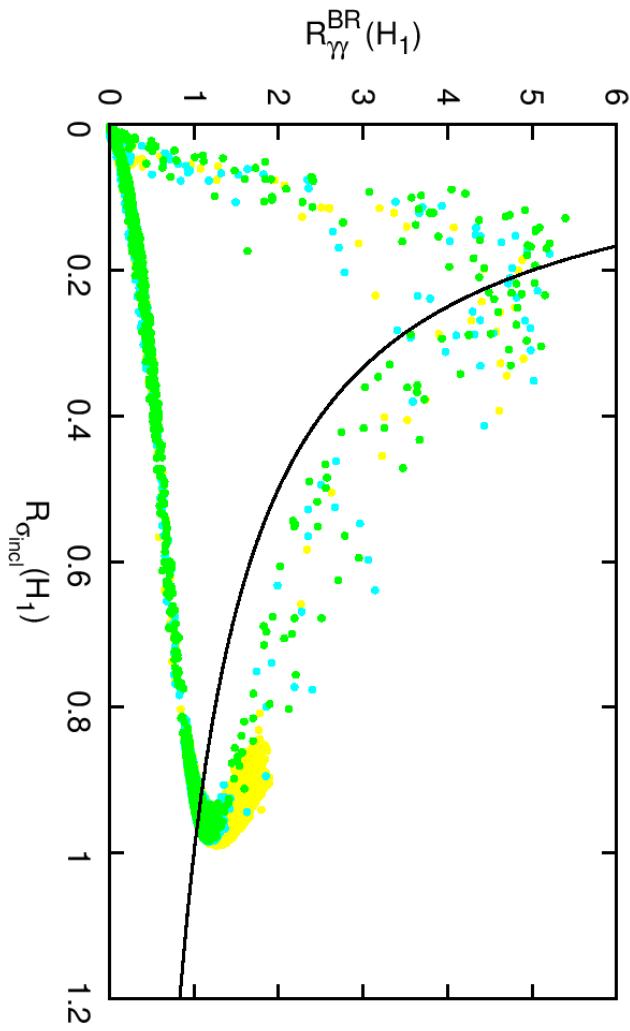


- * $R_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{BR}} = BR_{NMSSM} / BR_{\gamma\gamma}^{\text{SM}}$ enhanced:
 - o $BR_{\gamma\gamma} \uparrow$: $H^\pm, \tilde{\chi}^\pm, \tilde{t}$ loops, suppressed $g_{H_i bb}$ coupling
- * $R_{\sigma_{incl}} = \sigma_{incl}^{\text{NMSSM}} / \sigma_{incl}^{\text{SM}}$ enhanced:
 - o $\sigma_{prod} \uparrow$: \tilde{t} loops and, or $g_{H_i tt} \uparrow$

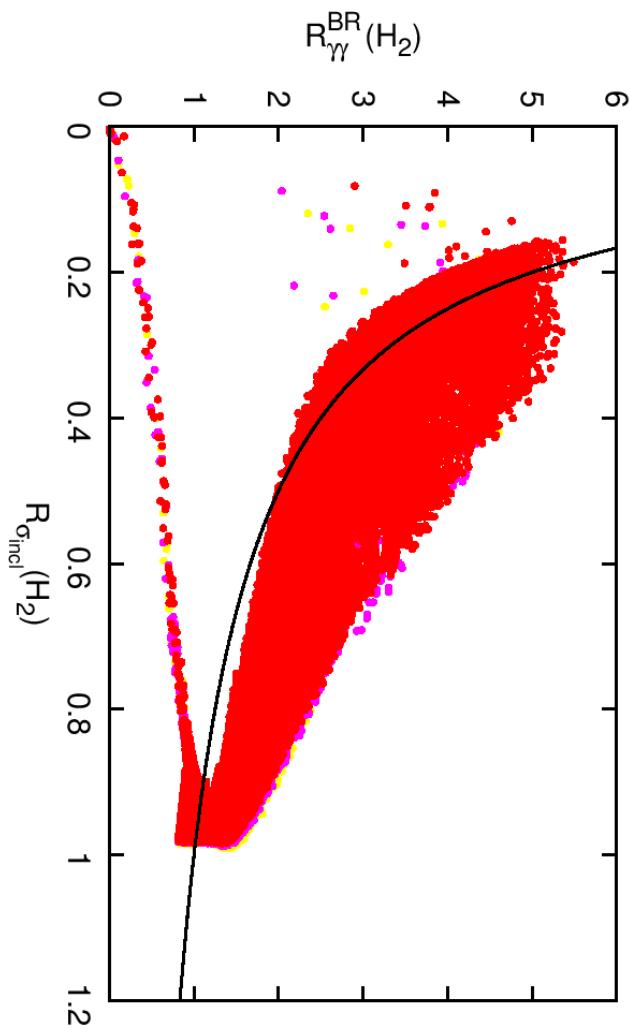
MSSM Scan

King, MMM, Nezvorov, Walz

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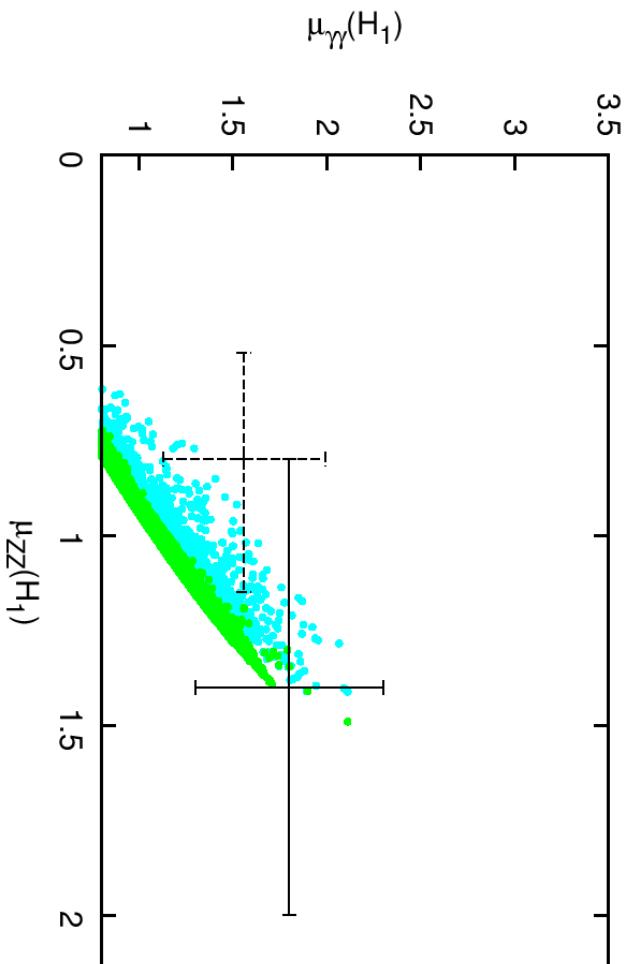


- * green/red points: perturbation theory valid up to the GUT scale
- * cyan/pink points: require extra matter at 1 TeV

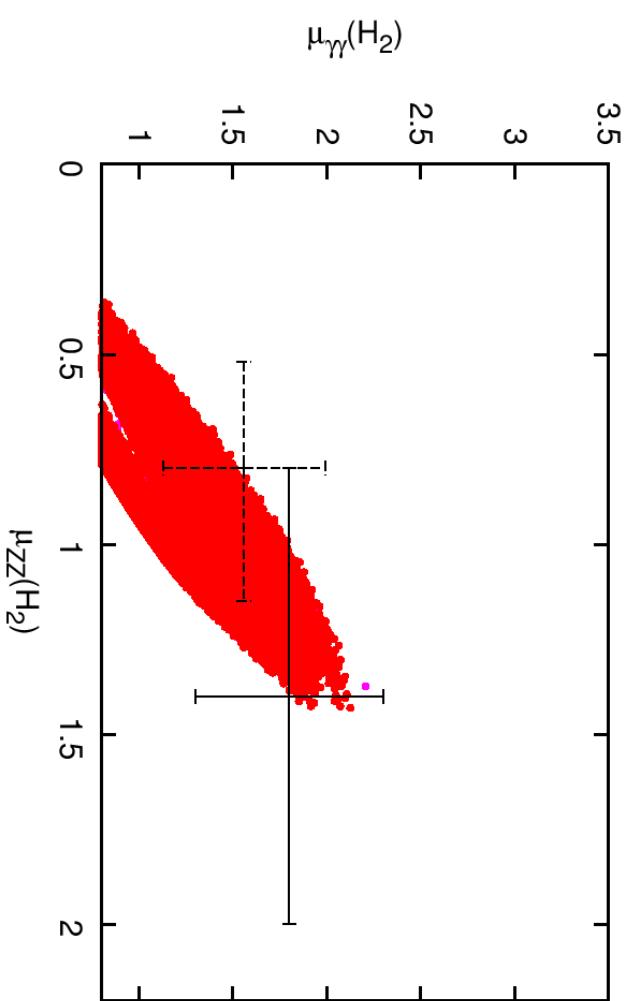
NMSSM Scan

King, MMM, Nezvorov, Walz

124GeV< M_{H_1} <127GeV



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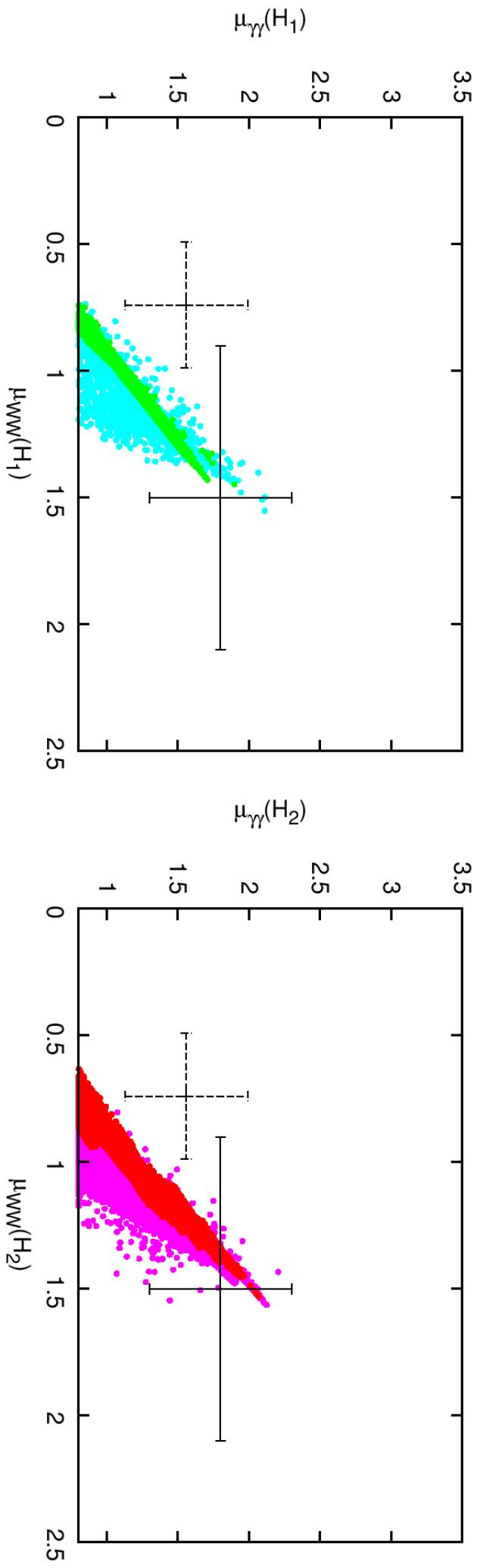
- * cyan/pink points: two signals overlap
- * crosses: Exp. best fit of $\mu = \sigma/\sigma_{SM}$, full/ATLAS, dashed/CMS

NMSSM Scan

King, MMM, Nezvorov, Walz

124GeV< M_{H_1} <127GeV

124GeV< M_{H_2} <127GeV

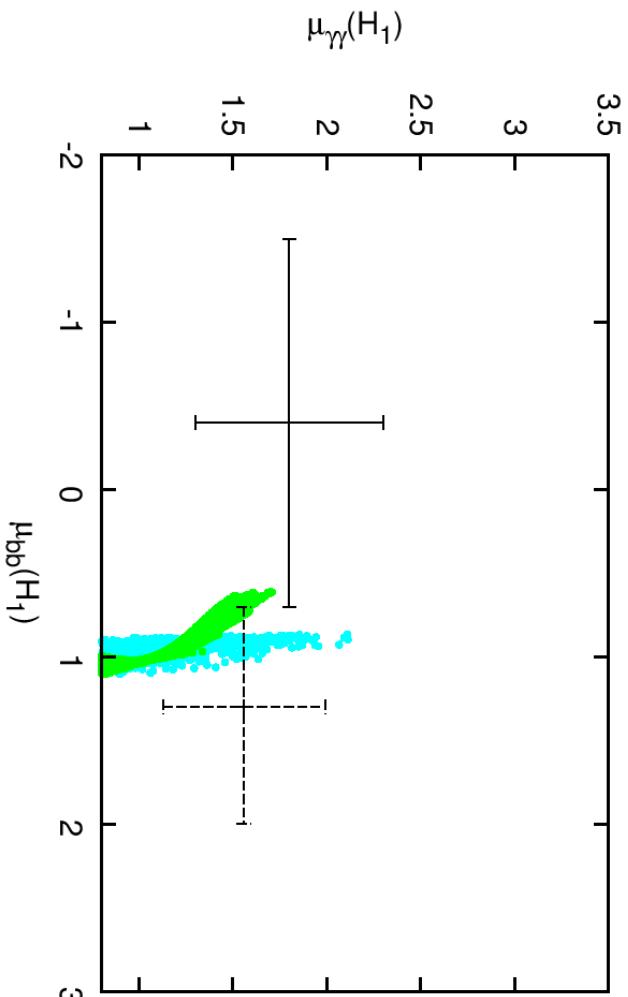


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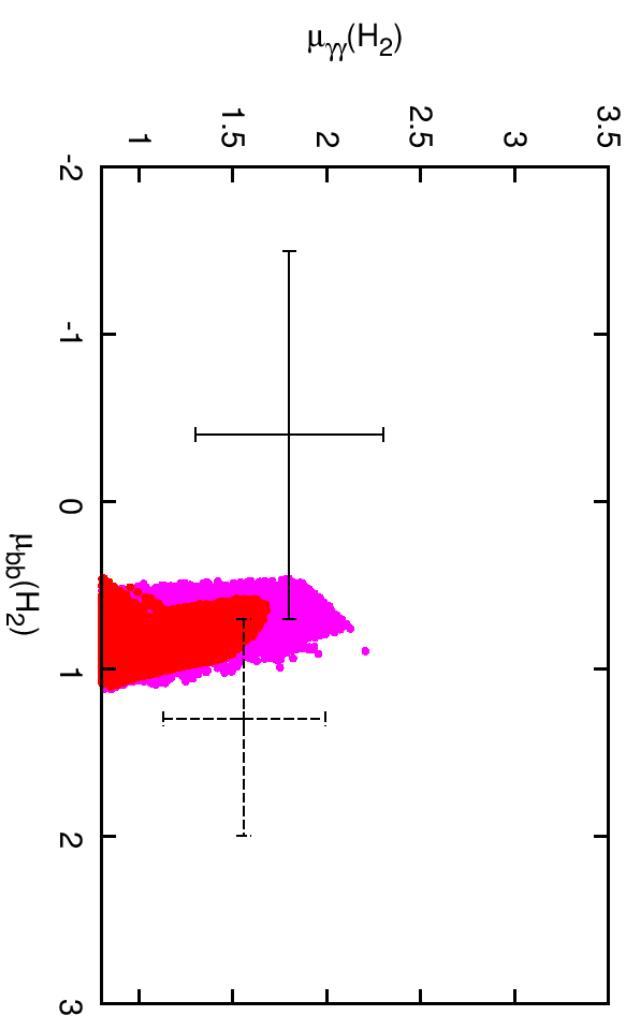
NMSSM Scan

King, MMM, Nezvorov, Walz

124GeV< M_{H_1} <127GeV



124GeV< M_{H_2} <127GeV



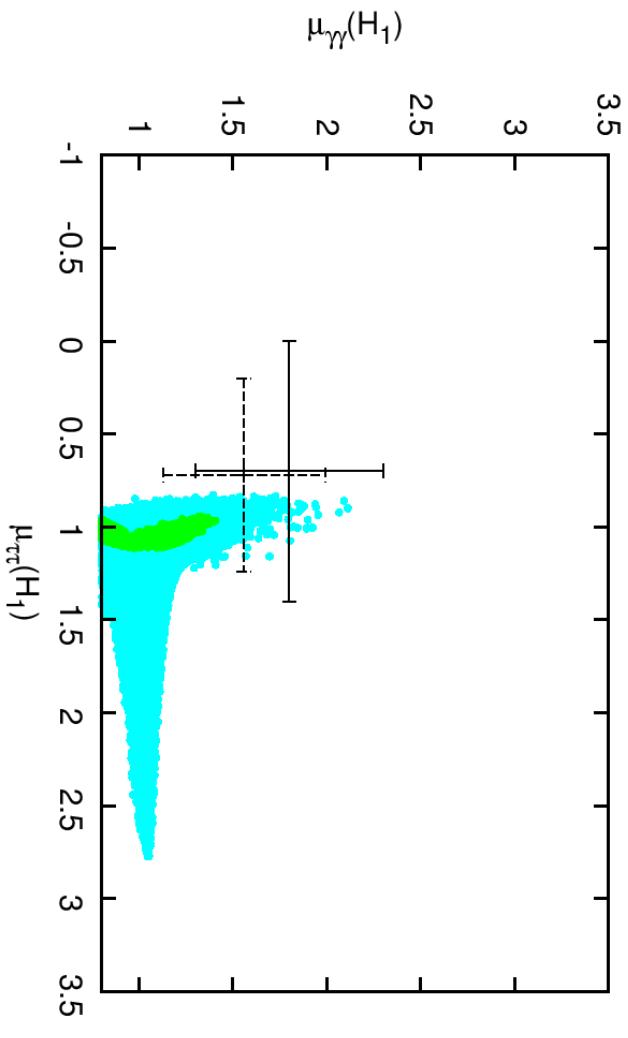
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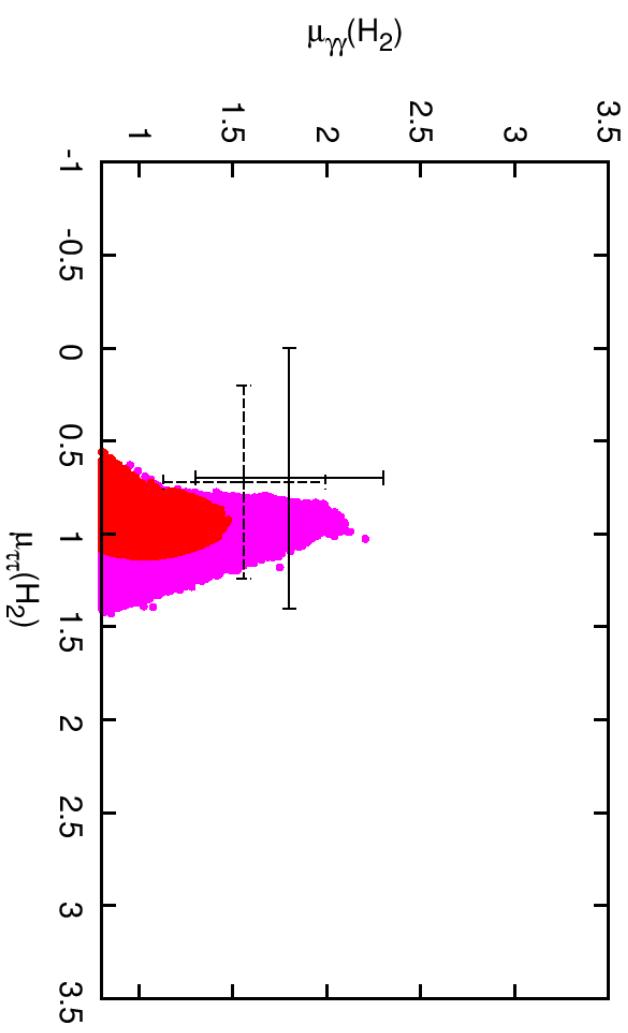
MSSM Scan

King, MMM, Nevzorov, Walz

124GeV< M_{H_1} <127GeV

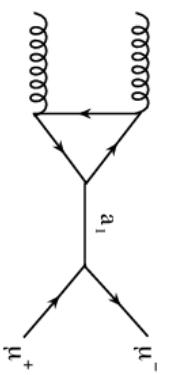


124GeV< M_{H_2} <127GeV

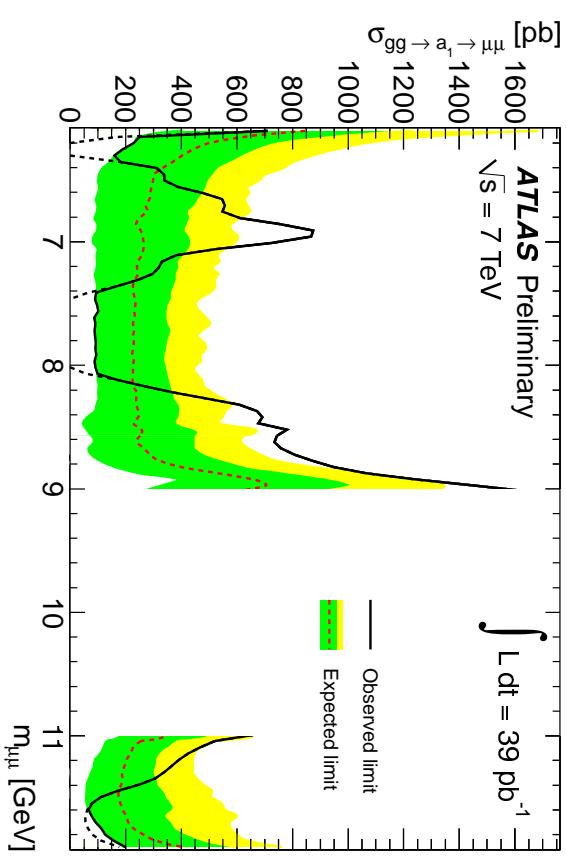


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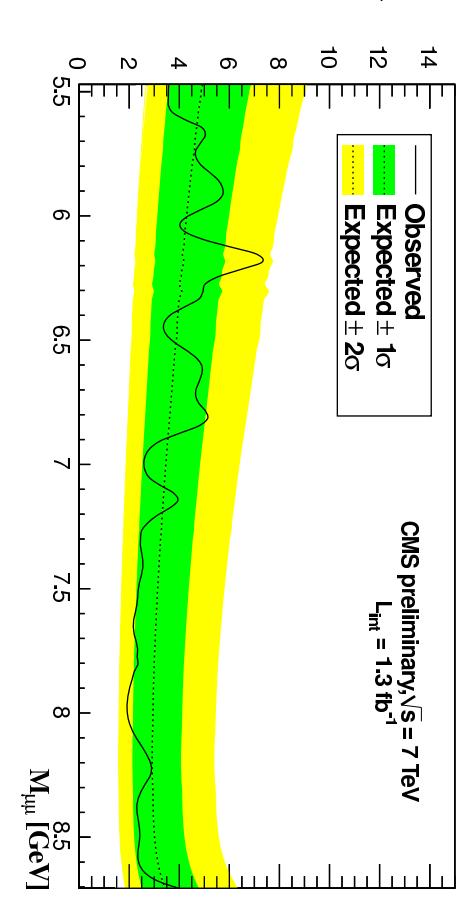
Upper Limit on NMSSM a_1 Production



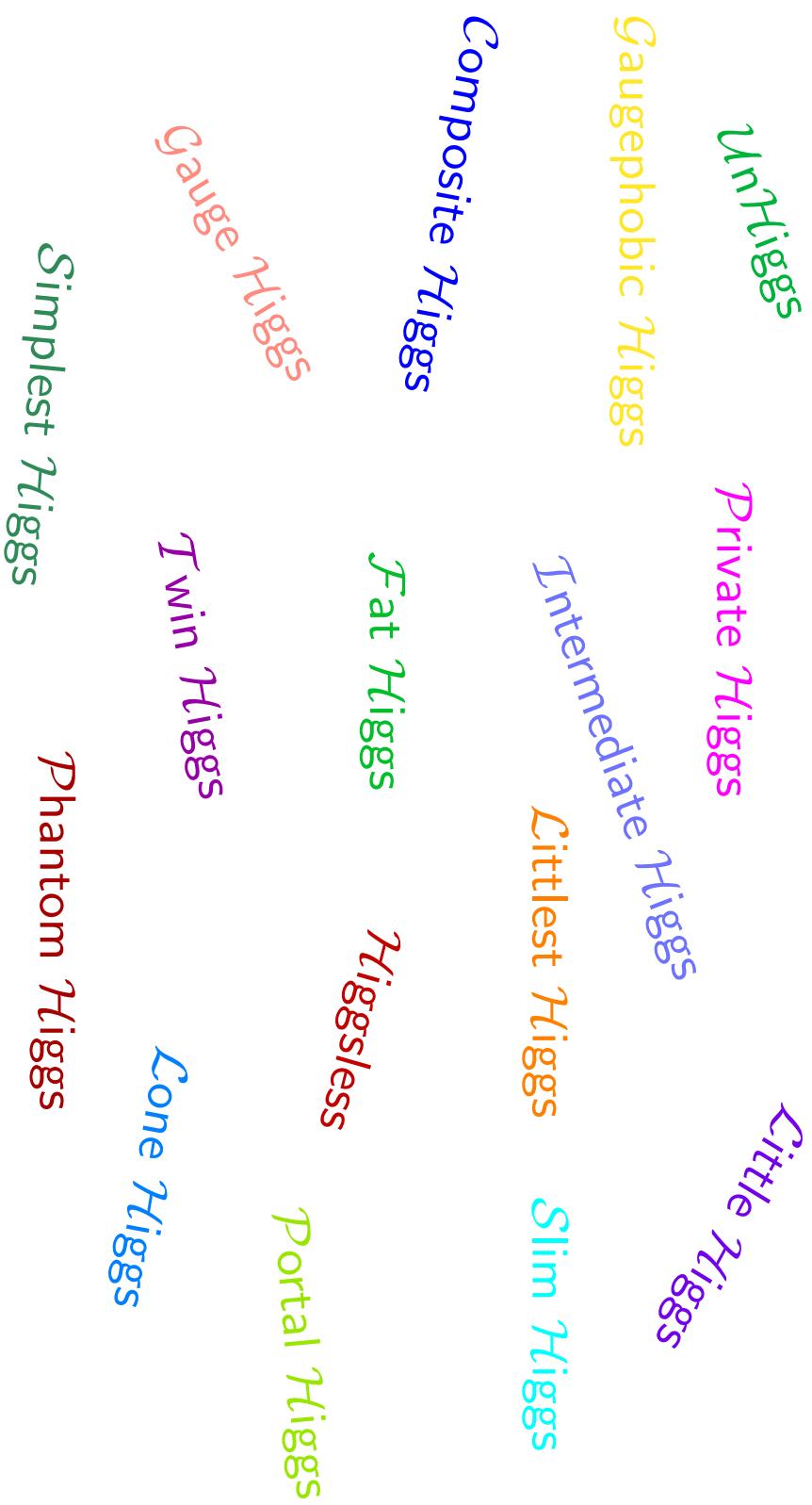
ATLAS-CONF-2011-020



CMS-HIG-12-004

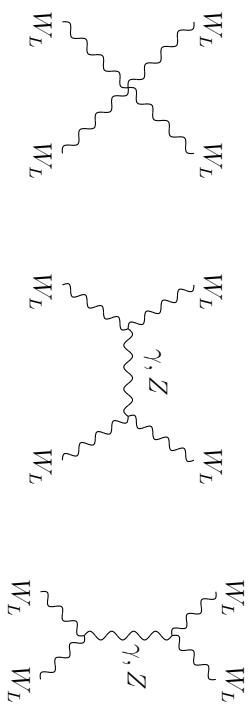


More Exotic?



What is the SM and what the Composite Scalar Boson?

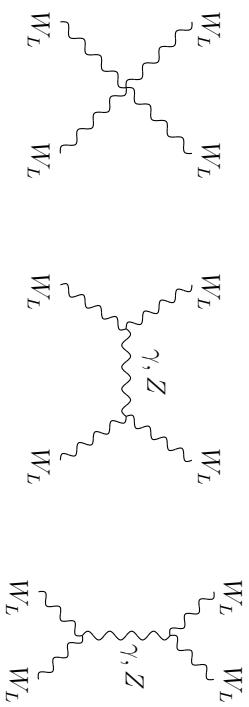
- Scalar boson: creation of particle masses



$$\mathcal{A} = \frac{s}{v^2}$$

What is the SM and what the Composite Scalar Boson?

- **Scalar boson: creation of particle masses**



$$\mathcal{A} = \frac{s}{v^2}$$

• Electroweak symmetry breaking \mathcal{L}

custodial symmetry and minimal flavour violation (MFV) built-in

$$\boxed{\mathcal{L}_{\text{EWSB}} = \frac{v^2}{4} \text{Tr}(D_\mu \Sigma^\dagger D^\mu \Sigma) \left(1 + 2 \textcolor{red}{a} \frac{h}{v} + \textcolor{red}{b} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) - \lambda \bar{\psi}_L \Sigma \psi_R \left(1 + \textcolor{red}{c} \frac{h}{v} \right)}$$

$\Sigma = e^{i\sigma^a \pi^a / v}$ Goldstone of $SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R / SU(2)_V$

What is the SM and what the Composite Scalar Boson?

- **Scalar boson: creation of particle masses**

$$\mathcal{A} = \frac{1}{v^2} \left(s - \frac{\textcolor{red}{a}^2 s^2}{s - m_h^2} \right)$$

- **Electroweak symmetry breaking \mathcal{L}**

custodial symmetry and minimal flavour violation (MFV) built-in

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What is the SM and what the Composite Scalar Boson?

- **Scalar boson: creation of particle masses**

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \text{W}_L \quad \text{W}_L \\
 \gamma_L \quad \gamma_L \\
 \text{W}_L \quad \gamma, Z \\
 \text{W}_L \quad \gamma, Z \\
 \text{W}_L \quad \text{W}_L \\
 \text{W}_L \quad \text{W}_L \\
 \text{W}_L \quad \text{W}_L \\
 \text{W}_L \quad \text{W}_L
 \end{array}
 \quad
 \mathcal{A} = \frac{1}{v^2} \left(s - \frac{\textcolor{red}{a}^2 s^2}{s - m_h^2} \right)$$

• Electroweak symmetry breaking \mathcal{L}

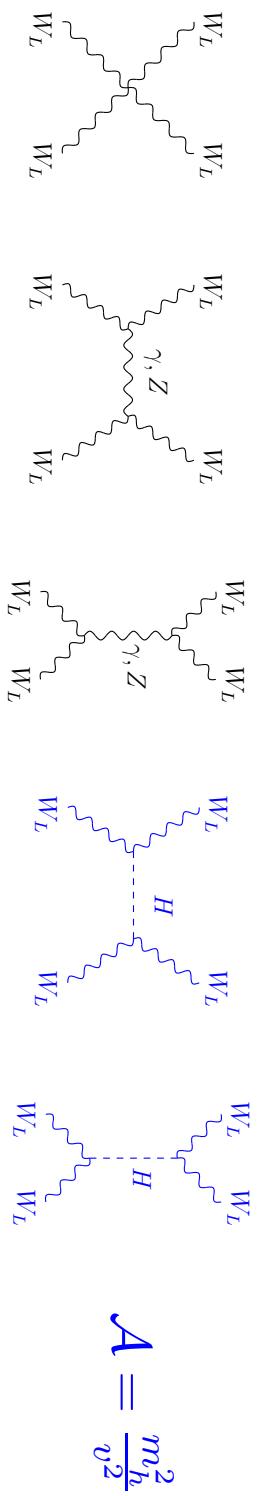
custodial symmetry and minimal flavour violation (MFV) built-in

$$\boxed{\mathcal{L}_{\text{EWSB}} = \frac{v^2}{4} \text{Tr}(D_\mu \Sigma^\dagger D^\mu \Sigma) \left(1 + 2 \textcolor{red}{a} \frac{h}{v} + \textcolor{red}{b} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) - \lambda \bar{\psi}_L \Sigma \psi_R \left(1 + \textcolor{red}{c} \frac{h}{v} \right)}$$

- $a = 1$ perturbative unitarity in $WW \rightarrow WW$
- $b = a^2$ perturbative unitarity in $WW \rightarrow hh$
- $ac = 1$ perturbative unitarity in $WW \rightarrow \psi\psi$

What is the SM and what the Composite Scalar Boson?

- **Scalar boson:** creation of particle masses and UV regulator



• Electroweak symmetry breaking \mathcal{L}

custodial symmetry and minimal flavour violation (MFV) built-in

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{EWSB}} = \frac{v^2}{4} \text{Tr}(D_\mu \Sigma^\dagger D^\mu \Sigma) \left(1 + 2 \color{red}{a} \frac{h}{v} + \color{red}{b} \frac{h^2}{v^2} \right) - \lambda \bar{\psi}_L \Sigma \psi_R \left(1 + \color{red}{c} \frac{h}{v} \right)$$

- $a = 1$ perturbative unitarity in $WW \rightarrow WW$
- $b = a^2$ perturbative unitarity in $WW \rightarrow hh$
- $ac = 1$ perturbative unitarity in $WW \rightarrow \psi\psi$

SM Scalar boson: $a = b = c = 1$
Composite boson: $a, b, c \neq 1$

Composite Boson - Introduction

- **Bound state from a strongly interacting sector** Kaplan,Georgi;Dimopoulos eal;Dugan eal
- **How can we obtain a light composite scalar boson?**

Global symmetry of strong sector G spontaneously broken at scale f to subgroup H

G/H : 4th Nambu-Goldstone Boson: Scalar boson

- **Possible symmetry patterns** * H must contain SM gauge group

* G must contain an $SU(2) \times SU(2) \sim SO(4)$ symmetry \rightsquigarrow PGB is a doublet field

Example: - $SO(5)/SO(4) \rightsquigarrow$ PGB: one doublet

- **Continuous interpolation between the SM and Technicolor:**

$$\boxed{\xi = 0 \text{ SM limit}}$$

←

$$\boxed{\xi = \frac{v^2}{f^2} = \frac{(\text{weak scale})^2}{(\text{strong coupling scale})^2}}$$

→

$$\boxed{\xi = 1 \text{ Technicolor limit}}$$

strong sector resonances
decouple, except boson

boson decouples, vector
resonances like in TC

- **No hierarchy problem** EWSB potential generated at one-loop through gauge and top loops

Anomalous couplings

- **SILH effective Lagrangian** Giudice, Grojean, Pomarol, Rattazzi
- Large ξ 5D MCHM provides completion for large $\frac{v}{f}$ ($SO(5)/SO(4)$) Contino et al; Agashe et al

- **Fermion couplings** depend on embedding into representations of the bulk symmetry

spinorial representations of $SO(5)$

MCHM4
fundamental representations of $SO(5)$
MCHM5

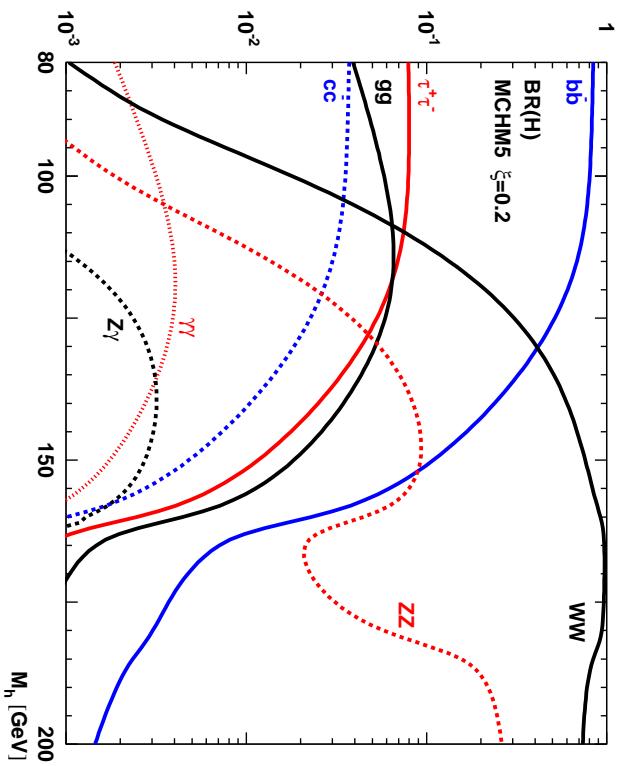
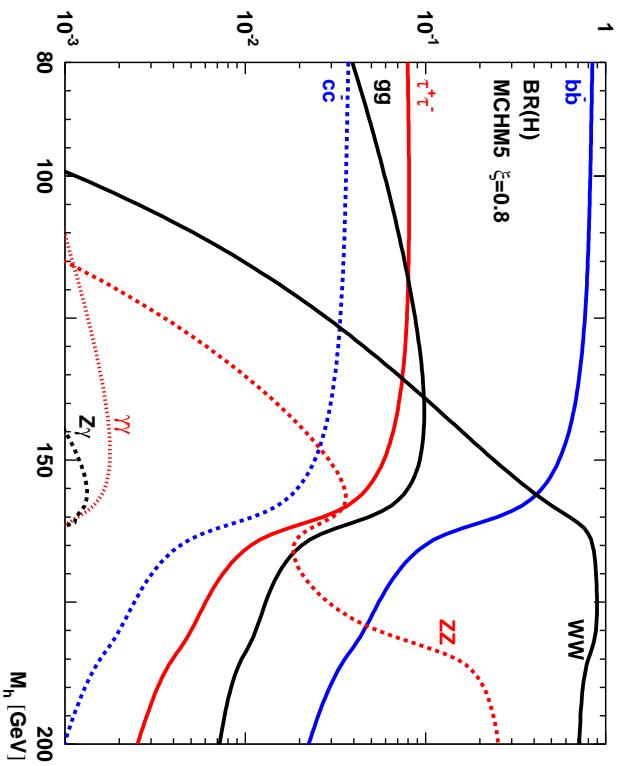
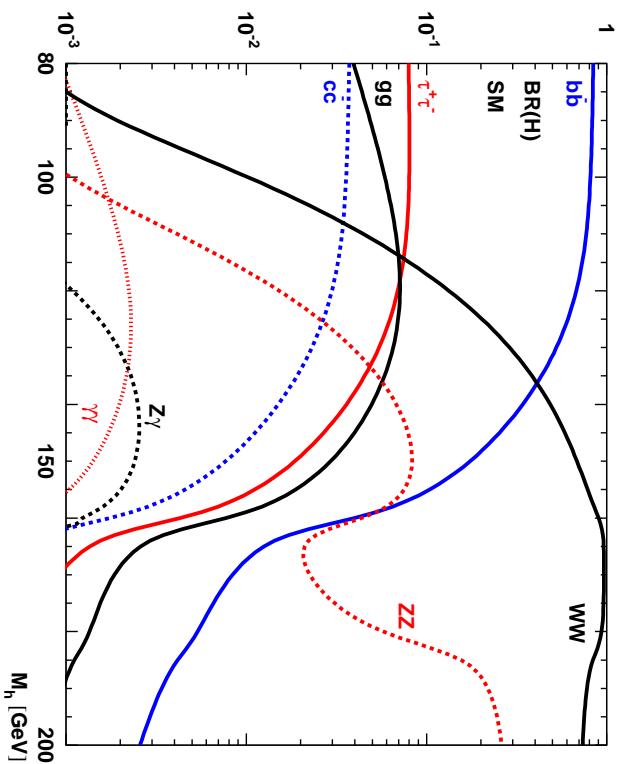
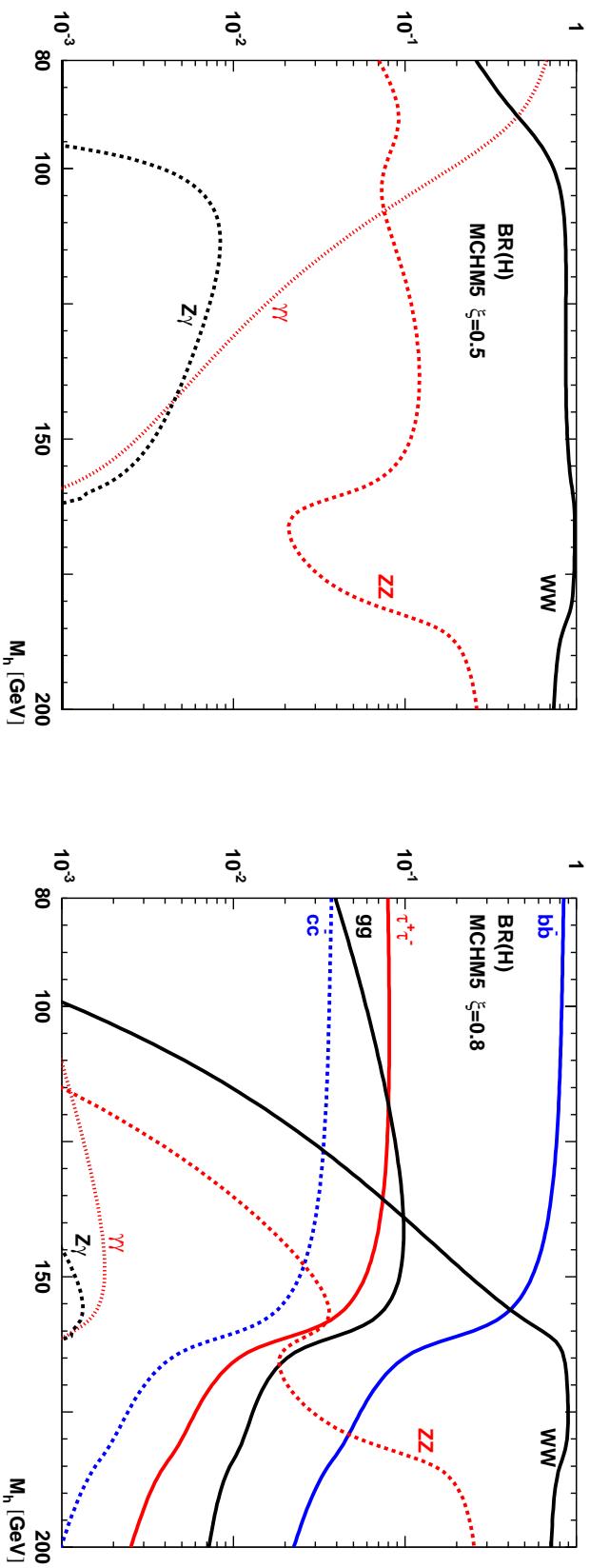
MCHM4	MCHM5
$g_{HVV} = g_{HVV}^{SM} \sqrt{1-\xi}$	$g_{HVV} = g_{HVV}^{SM} \sqrt{1-\xi}$
$g_{Hff} = g_{Hff}^{SM} \sqrt{1-\xi}$ universal factor \rightsquigarrow BRs unchanged	$g_{Hff} = g_{Hff}^{SM} \frac{(1-2\xi)}{\sqrt{1-\xi}}$ g_{Hff} coupling vanishes for $\xi = 0.5$

In the following: $\xi = 0.2, 0.5, 0.8$ (also scalar boson self-coupling depends on representation)

- **Impact on** BR's, Γ_{tot} , production cross sections, search significances

• Branching ratios MCHM5

Espinosa, Grojean, Mühlleitner



Constraints

- **EW precision observables:**

constrain only a

- * $\hat{T} = c_T \frac{v^2}{f^2} \Rightarrow |c_T \frac{v^2}{f^2}| < 2 \times 10^{-3}$ removed by custodial symmetry
- * $\hat{S} = (c_W + c_B) \frac{m_W^2}{m_\rho^2}$ $m_\rho \geq (c_W + c_B)^{1/2} 2.5 \text{ TeV}$

- * 1-loop IR effects

$$\Delta\epsilon_{1,3} = -c_{1,3}(1-a^2) \log(m_\rho^2/m_h^2)$$

constrains a

- **Flavor constraints**

- * no tree-level FCNC

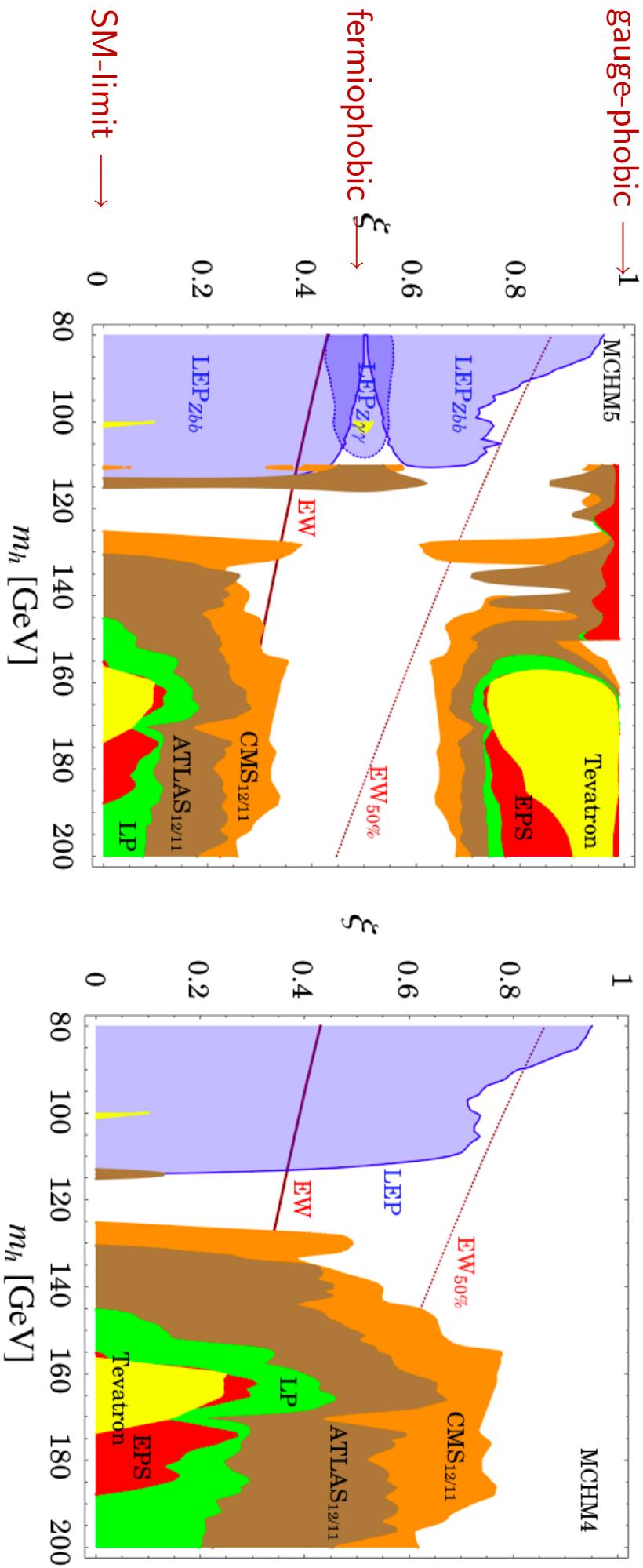
c is flavor universal \rightarrow MFV built in

- **Direct searches LEP, Tevatron, LHC:** constrain a and c

[rescale σ_{prod} and Γ_{decay}]

Constraints from EWPT, LEP, Tevatron, LHC - Pre-Moriond '12

Espinosa, Grojean, MMM



CMS 12/11 ATLAS 12/11 Lepton-Photon 11
 LEP EPS-HEP 11 Tevatron

Model-Independent Fit to LHC Data

Effective theory assuming: custodial symmetry & MFV

Espinosa, Grojean, MMM, Trott '12

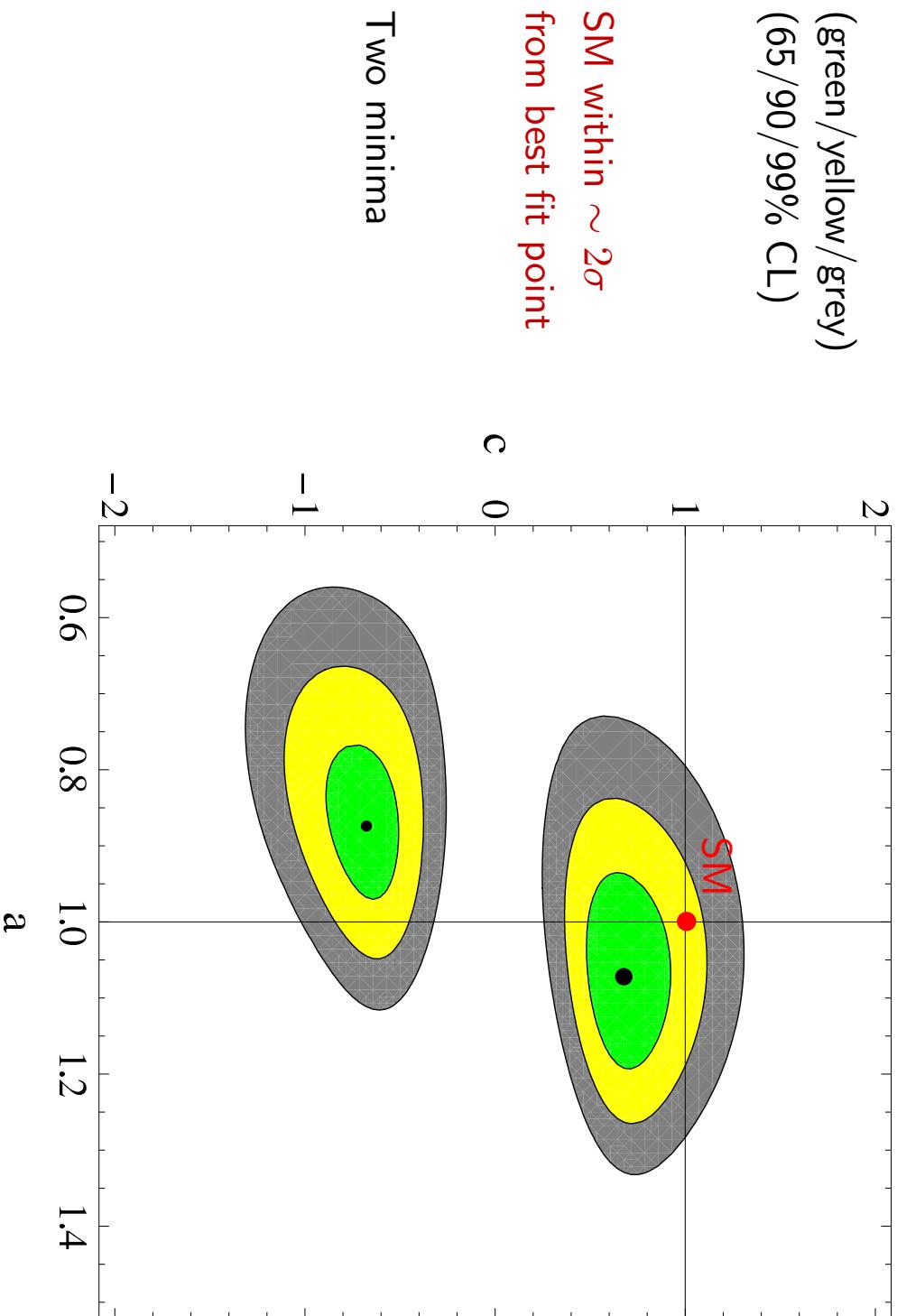
7&8 TeV LHC data & Tevatron

(green/yellow/grey)
(65/90/99% CL)

SM

Note: a fermiophobic
scalar is disfavoured
by data

SM within $\sim 2\sigma$
from best fit point

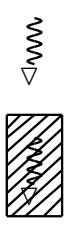


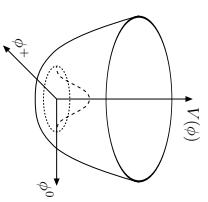
Experimental Verification of the EWSB Mechanism

EWSB mechanism:

Creation of particle masses without violating gauge principles

Test of the EWSB mechanism

- Discovery
 - m
- Interaction with the scalar boson
with $v = 246 \text{ GeV} \neq 0$
 - $\rightsquigarrow g_{HXX} \sim m_X$

- Spin- and parity quantum numbers
 - J^{PC}
- EWSB: potential w/ non-vanishing VEV
 - $\lambda_{HHH}, \lambda_{HHHH}$

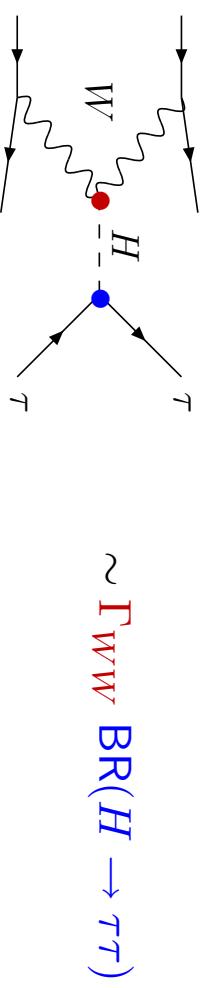


Determination of the Scalar Boson Couplings

Strategy

Combination of the **production** and **decay channels** \Rightarrow decay rates, absolute couplings

E.g.:



Coupling measurement at the LHC

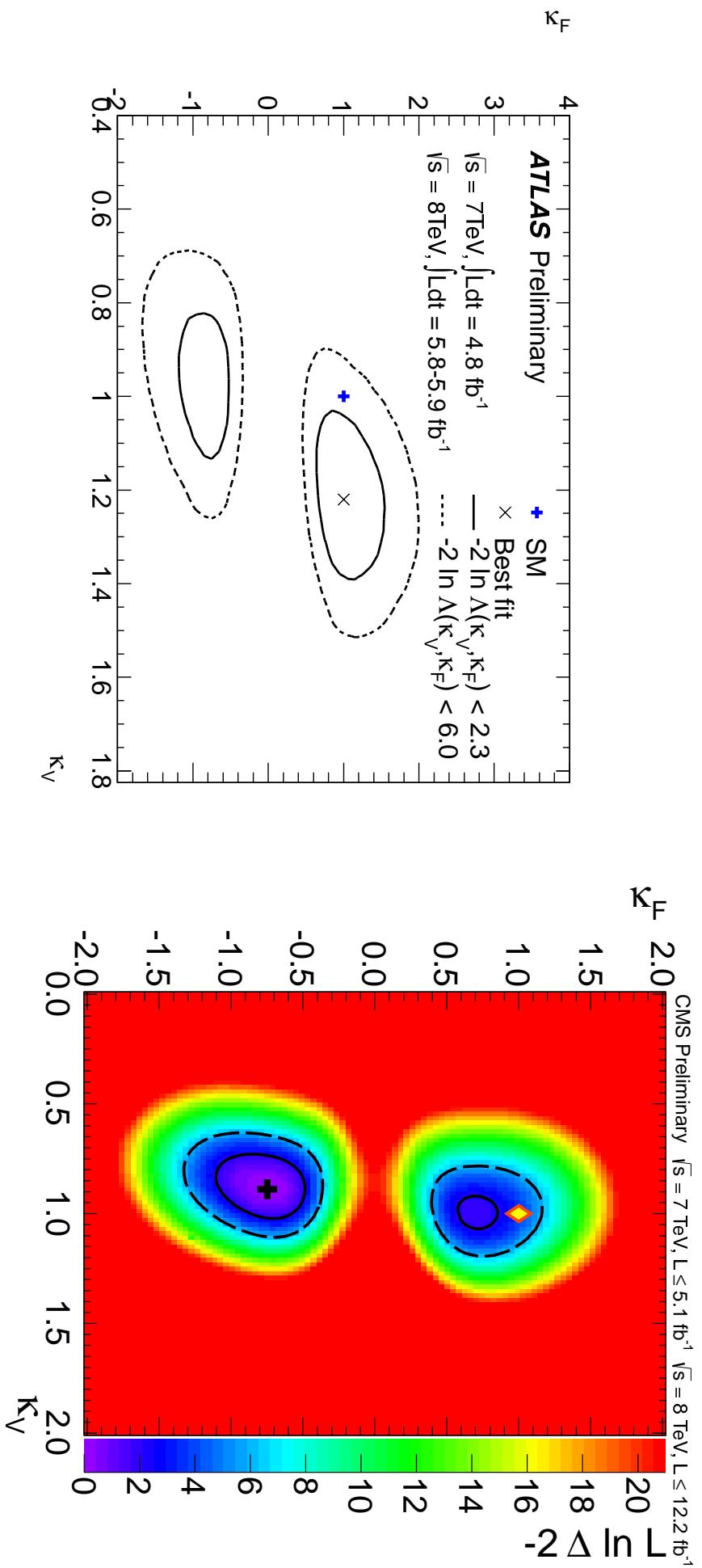
- * Only ratios of couplings can be measured w/o model assumptions

LHC HXSWG Recommendations to explore the coupling structure of a SM scalar boson-like particle

LHC HXSWG-2012-1: David, Denner, Dührssen, Grazzini, Grojean, Passarino, Schumacher, Spira, Weiglein, Zanetti

- * Introduction of coupling scale factors
- * Assumptions: observed signal from one single resonance; narrow-width approximation; coupling strengths modification but tensor structure the one of the SM
- * Various benchmarks for tests of coupling structure

Experimental \mathcal{F} its to Couplings



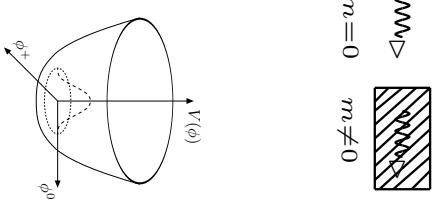
Experimental Verification of the EWSB Mechanism

EWSB mechanism:

Creation of particle masses without violating gauge principles

Test of the EWSB mechanism

- Discovery
 - m
- Interaction with the scalar boson
 - $\rightsquigarrow g_{HXX} \sim m_X$
 $m=0$ $m \neq 0$
- **Spin- and parity quantum numbers**
 - J^{PC}
- EWSB: potential w/ non-vanishing VEV
 - $\lambda_{HHH}, \lambda_{HHHH}$



Quantum \mathcal{N} umbers

J	spin
J^{PC}	parity
C	charge conjugation

$\diamond \gamma\gamma \rightarrow H$ or $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma \rightsquigarrow J \neq 1$.

Spin and CP quantum numbers: angular correlations, threshold effects

- angular correlations in production: Hjj in vector boson fusion, gluon gluon fusion

Plehn, Rainwater, Zeppenfeld;
Hankele, Klämke, Zeppenfeld
Campanario et al; Del Duca et al

- angular correlations in Higgs decays, e.g. $H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow l^+l^-l^+l^-$

Dell'Aquila, Nelson;
Kramer, Kühn, Stong, Zerwas;
Choi, Miller, MMM, Zerwas; Bluj;
Buszello, Fleck, Marquard, van der Bij;
Englert, Hackstein, Spannowsky: $lljj$

Buszello, Marquard, van der Bij
Godbole, Miller, MMM

CP -violation

- below ZZ threshold: angular correlations, threshold effects

Choi, Miller, MMM, Zerwas
Buszello, Marquard, van der Bij

Spin and Parity – Recent Works

Hadronic event shapes separate CP-even from CP-odd boson

Englert,Spannowsky,
Takeuchi '12

Distributions
in decays into ZZ :

test spin, parity, CP violation

De Rújula,Lykken,Pierini,
Rogan,Spiropulu '10

angular distr. in decays into $\gamma\gamma$, WW^* from
spin 2 particle: tell apart spin 0 from spin 2

Ellis,Hwang '12

M_{ZX} distribution in radiation off Z :

test $J^P = 0^\pm, 2^+$

Ellis,Hwang,Sanz,You '12

angular and mass distributions in decays into

$ZZ, WW, \gamma\gamma$: test $J = 0, 1, 2$ resonance

Bolognesi,Gao,Gritsan,Melnikov
Schumacher,Tran,Whitbeck'12(&'10)

angular distribution in decay into $\gamma\gamma$:

discriminate between $J^P = 0^+$ and 2^+

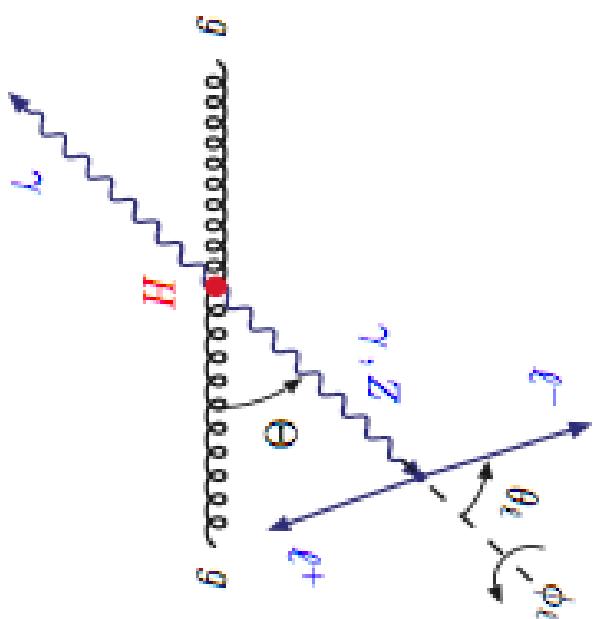
Alves '12

...

Spin Analysis in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ Decays

Systematic helicity analyses for angular distributions

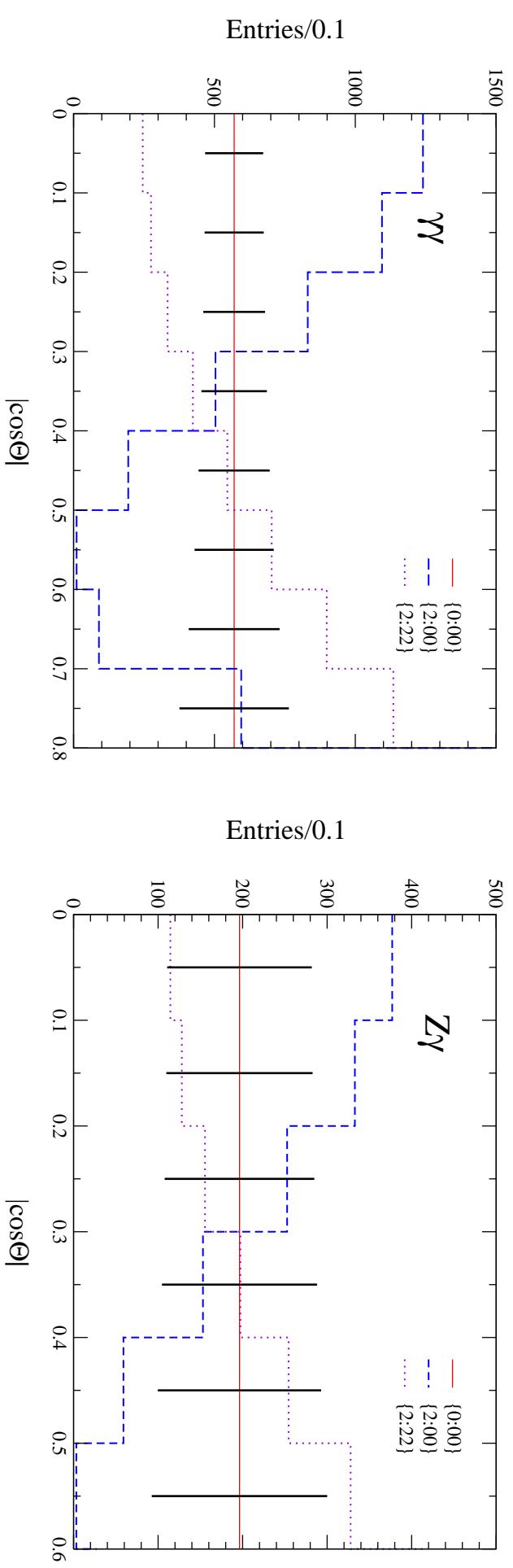
Choi,MMM,Zerwas '12



Spin Analysis in $H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ and $H \rightarrow Z\gamma$ Decays

Systematic helicity analyses for angular distributions

Choi,MMM,Zerwas '12



$$\gamma\gamma: \int \mathcal{L} = 100 \text{ fb}^{-1} \quad Z\gamma: \int \mathcal{L} = 3000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$$

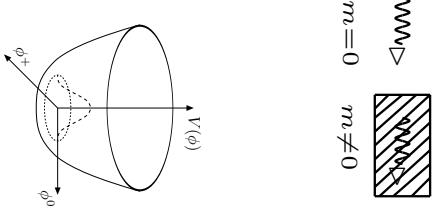
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 - $\lambda_{HHH}, \lambda_{HHHH}$



Determination of the Scalar Boson Self-Couplings

The EWSB potential:

$$V(H) = \frac{1}{2!} \lambda_{HH} H^2 + \frac{1}{3!} \lambda_{HHH} H^3 + \frac{1}{4!} \lambda_{HHHH} H^4$$

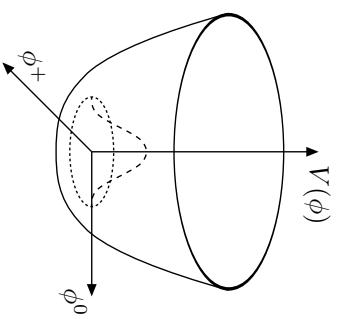
Trilinear coupling	$\lambda_{HHH} = 3 \frac{M_H^2}{v}$	- - - - -
Quartic coupling	$\lambda_{HHHH} = 3 \frac{M_H^2}{v^2}$	- - - - -

Measurement of the scalar boson self-couplings
and
Reconstruction of the EWSB potential

Experimental verification

Of the scalar sector of the

EWSB mechanism



Determination of the scalar boson self-couplings at colliders:

- λ_{HHH} via pair production
radiation off W/Z , WW/ZZ fusion, gg fusion
- λ_{HHHH} via triple production

The Trilinear Self-Coupling at the LHC

Determination of $\lambda_{H\bar{H}H}$ at the LHC

Djouadi,Kilian,MMMM,Zerwas;
Lafaye,Miller,Moretti,MMIM

double radiation of W/Z : $q\bar{q} \rightarrow W/Z + HH$

Barger,Han,Phillips

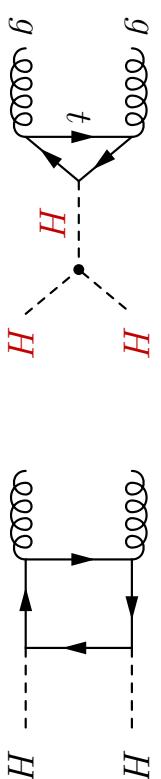
WW/ZZ fusion: $q\bar{q} \rightarrow q\bar{q} + HH$

Dicus,Kallianpur,Willenbrock
Abbasabadi,Repko,Dicus,Vega
Dobrovolskaya,Novikov
Eboli,Marques,Novaes,Natale

gluon gluon fusion: $gg \rightarrow HH$

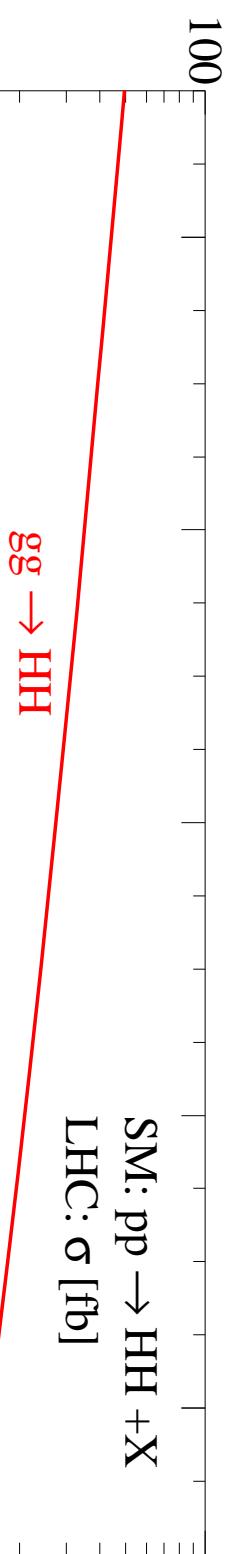
Glover,van der Bij
Plehn,Spira,Zerwas
Dawson,Dittmaier,Spira

gluon gluon fusion - dominant process



Double SM Scalar Boson Production at the \mathcal{LHC}

Djouadi,Kilian,MM,M,Zerwas



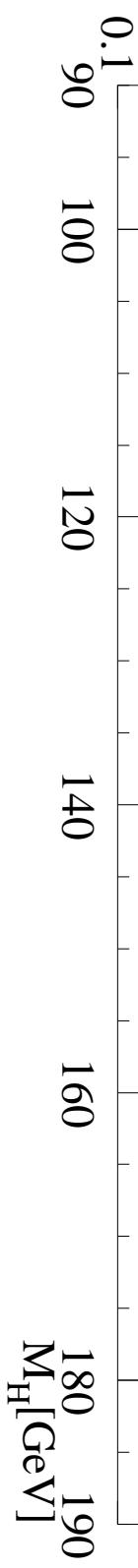
SM: $pp \rightarrow HH + X$
LHC: σ [fb]

$gg \rightarrow HH$

$WW+ZZ \rightarrow HH$

$WHH+ZHH$

$$\begin{aligned} WHH:ZH\bar{H} &\approx 1.6 \\ WW:ZZ &\approx 2.3 \end{aligned}$$



$WW+ZZ \rightarrow HH$

$WHH+ZHH$

Expected Accuracies in $\lambda_{H\bar{H}H}$ at the LHC

small signal + large QCD background \rightsquigarrow challenge!

$M_H < 140 \text{ GeV: } gg \rightarrow H\bar{H} \rightarrow b\bar{b}\gamma\gamma$:

Baur, Plehn, Rainwater

- SLHC [$\int \mathcal{L} = 6 \text{ ab}^{-1}$]: $M_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$ $\lambda_{H\bar{H}H} = 0$ exclusion at 90% CL
- VLHC [$\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ TeV}$]: $M_H = 120 \text{ GeV}$: $\delta\lambda_{H\bar{H}H}/\lambda_{H\bar{H}H} = 20 - 40\%$ at 1 σ

$M_H = 125 \text{ GeV: diboson system recoiling against a hard jet:}$

Dolan, Englert, Spannowski'12

- LHC@14TeV [$\int \mathcal{L} = 1000 \text{ fb}^{-1}$]: $H\bar{H}j \rightarrow b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-j$: most promising to constrain $\lambda_{H\bar{H}H}$

$M_H = 125 \text{ GeV: jet substructure, event reconstruction techniques:}$

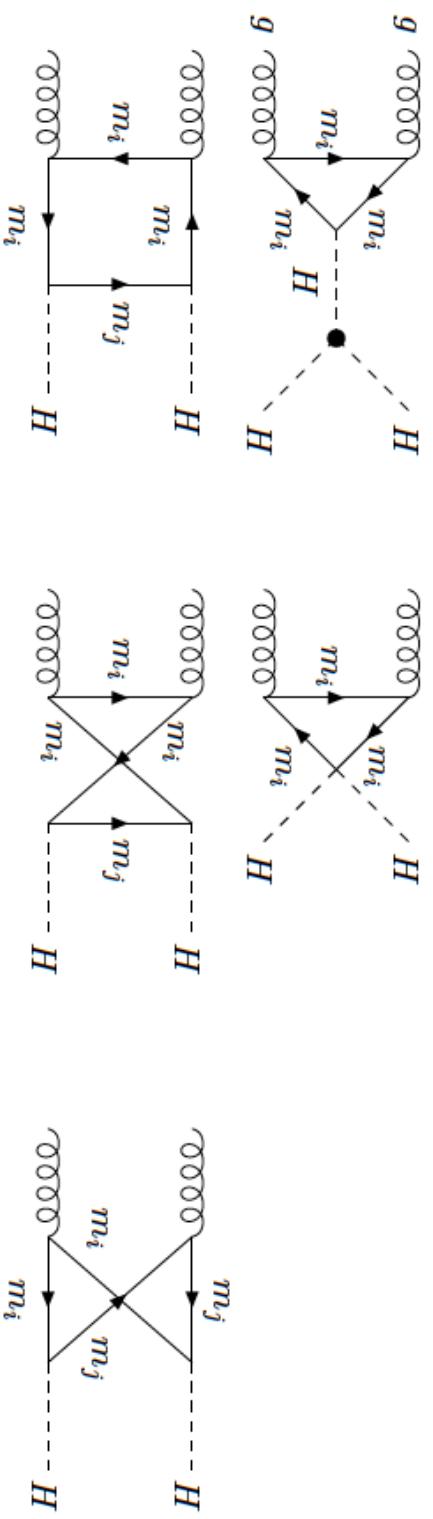
Papaefstathiou, Yang, Zurita'12

- LHC@14TeV [$\int \mathcal{L} = 600 \text{ fb}^{-1}$]: $H\bar{H} \rightarrow b\bar{b}W^+W^- \rightarrow b\bar{b}l\nu jj$: strong evidence

Double Scalar Boson Production in Composite Models

- Double scalar boson production through gluon fusion:

* w/o or w/ new heavy fermion partners (\leftarrow composite top)



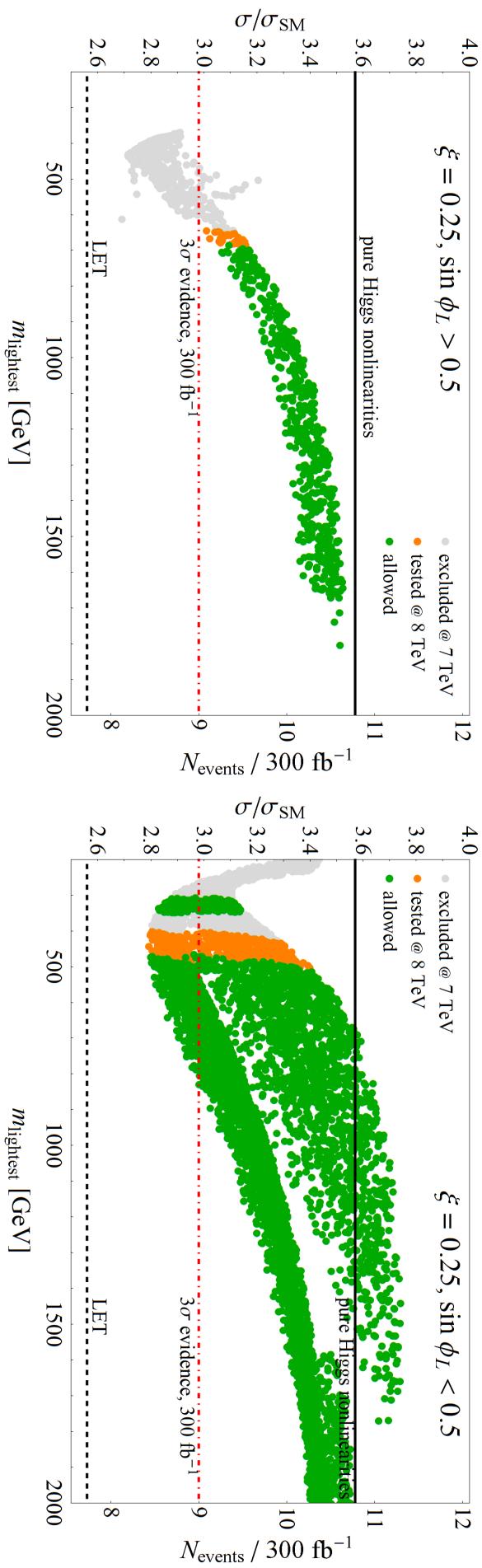
- ▷ Can be enhanced compared to the SM process

- ▷ Mediated by top and bottom loops and heavy quark loops; here heavy top partners
- ▷ Different fermions can contribute within one loop
- ▷ Sensitivity to details of heavy composite sector?

Gröber, MMM

Double Scalar Boson Production in $\mathcal{MCHM5}$

Gillioz, Gröber, Grojean, MMM, Salvioni



★ Sizeable dependence of cross section on heavy fermion spectrum: $2.7 \lesssim \sigma/\sigma_{SM} \lesssim 3.7$

Conclusions

- **Experimental results compatible with**
 - * SM scalar boson within 2σ
- **SM-like Supersymmetric boson**
 - * Possible at ~ 126 GeV
 - * With more (MSSM) or less (NMSSM) fine-tuning
 - * Can accommodate enhanced diphoton width
- **Next steps**
 - * Establish boson as the one *responsible for EWSB*
 - ◊ Coupling determination
 - ◊ Spin and Parity; CP violation
 - ◊ Self-couplings
 - * Nature of the boson (SM, SUSY, ...)

Thank you for your attention!